Home Checklist Child-Directed Play, Descriptive Commenting, Academic, Social and Emotion Coaching Program 1: Parts 1,2,3



H	OME VISITOR:		
PA	ARENTS' NAMES:		
D	ATE(S) OF VISIT: CITY:		
Es	tablishing Goals and Child-Directed Play and Coac	hing Skills	
DI	DI	YES	NO
1.	Spend some time talking and establishing a relationship		
2.	Explain format for meetings and value of having child present		
3.	Talk about parents' goals for their children and themselves		
4.	Explain philosophy of IY program using pyramid and how program will address their goals		
5.	Talk about the benefits of child-directed play		
6.	Check in about the parent's experience using child-directed play with their child		
7.	Set up role plays to practice the following: (Note whether play was done with child or with coach) Child-Directed Play Descriptive Commenting Persistence Coaching Emotion Coaching Social Coaching (with parent) Social Coaching (with 2 children) Ending Play Sessions		
8.	Practice interactive reading skills		
9.	Explain the following: "Teaching Loop" "Attention Principle" "Modeling Principle" "Ignore Principle"		
10	. Review key points about child-directed play		



Discussed		Key Point
YES	NO	Key Folite
		Use descriptive commenting to build child's language and academic skills (colors, shapes, numbers, prepositions, objects) and to promote school readiness.
		Use persistence coaching to help children learn to keep working on a difficult or frustrating activity. Practiced describing the child as being "patient," "working hard," "concentrating," "trying again," to emphasize self-regulation and persistence with an activity.
		Use emotion coaching to help children learn feelings literacy. Practiced describing the child as being "calm", "proud", "happy", " kind" to emphasize emotional alternatives to anger.
		Use social coaching when children are sharing, waiting, trading, helping, using their words to ask for what they want, complimenting, and apologizing. Practiced modeling and prompting these behaviors as well as describing and encouraging them when they occur.
		Ignore minor misbehaviors and avoid use of commands, too many questions, corrections or criticism during play interactions.
		Understanding how the "attention principle" and "modeling principle" work to encourage children's behaviors.
		Link parents' stated goals (1st home visit) with the play and coaching skills.



(circle numbers of vignettes shown)
*Vignettes with asterisks are recommended.

Program 1: Part 1

Introductory Narration* 1* 2* 3* 4* 5 6 8 9* 10* 11 1 2 13* 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24* 25 26 27 28 29*

Program 1: Part 2

9* Introductory Narration* 1* 2* 3 4 5* 6 7 8 10* 11 12 13 14* 15* 16 17* 18* 19 20* 21 22 23 24* 25* 29 26 27 28* Summary Narration*

Program 1: Part 3+

Introductory Narration* 1 2* 3* 4* 5* 6 7* 8* 9 10 11 1 2 13 14 15* 16* 17 18* 19 20 Summary Narration*

+ Recommended program for parents who are involved in IY groups.

DID I					YES	NO
		ortance of doing hapter in the bo	<i>-</i> 1	ome _		
	ale of 1 to	ate the following 7, with 1 being	•	,		•
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Not very Good			Up and Down			Very Good



Home Checklist Program 2: Praise and Incentives



Н	OME VISITOR:		
PA	ARENTS' NAMES:		
D	ATE(S) OF VISIT: CITY:		
Pr	aise and Incentives		
DI	DI	YES	NO
1.	Ask parents about their experience praising their child		
2.	Help parents understand their barriers to praise and how to handle them		
3.	Help parents identify positive behaviors to praise with their children		
4.	Help parents practice labeled praise		
5.	Work with parents to use positive self-talk and praise for themselves		
6.	Set up role plays to practice praise in the following situations" During Mealtimes During Play Interactions To Help Children Get Dressed To Encourage Children's Help To Encourage Children's Self-Regulation Other: (write here)		
7.	Do the "positive opposite" exercise with parents (See handout)		
8.	Review key points about PRAISE		
9.	Help parents understand about building up a bank account with children		



Discussed		Van Daint
YES	NO	Key Point
		Use frequent specific praise that clearly describes what the child has done that is appreciated.
		Use labeled praise, where parent gives a positive label (virtue) for the child's behavior (e.g. "That was really responsible to clean up after yourself") is effective. After hearing over and over that they are honest, responsible, trustworthy, children will see themselves this way and try to live up to that image.
		Avoid combining praise with corrections or negative comments.

DID I	YES	NO
10. Help parents identify spontaneous and low-cost incentives for their children		
11. Help parent set up incentive programs for specific child behaviors (review parent list of behaviors they want to see more of)		
12. Talk about parent self-care and incentives for working hard as a parent		
13. Role play/practice the following: How to Explain a Sticker System to a Child How to Give Spontaneous Rewards (stickers, hand stamp)		
14. Give parents a reward for their efforts (e.g., sticker, candy special gift, book for child)		
15. Review key points about rewards		

Discussed		Voy Boint
YES	NO	Key Point
		Shaping behavior in the direction you want – "small steps"
		Clearly identify positive behavior
		Rewards are a temporary measure leading to child's competence
		What will reinforce one child will not necessarily reinforce another
		Importance of reinforcing yourself, teachers, and others
		Value of unexpected rewards and celebrations
		Recognize the "first-then" principle
		Design programs that are realistic and developmentally appropriate
		Do not mix rewards with consequences (i.e. don't take away stickers)

Very

Good

YES NO DID I 16. Relate reward system to the goals set in the first visit incentives for their children 17. Show the following vignettes (circle numbers of vignettes shown) *Vignettes with asterisks are recommended. Program 2: Part 1 Introductory Narration* 1* 2 11 12* 10* 13* 14* 15* 16 17 18ABC* 19 20 22 23 25 26 27 28 21 29* 30 31* 32* 33 **Summary Narration*** Program 2: Part 2+ Introductory Narration* 10* 11* 12* 13 14 15 16 17ABC* 18* 19* Summary Narration* + Recommended program for parents who are involved in IY groups. 18. Have the parent rate the following: "How would you rate your relationship with your child on a scale of 1 to 7, with 1 being "not very good," 4 being "up and down," and 7 being "very good" 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

Up and

Down

Not very

Good





Home Checklist

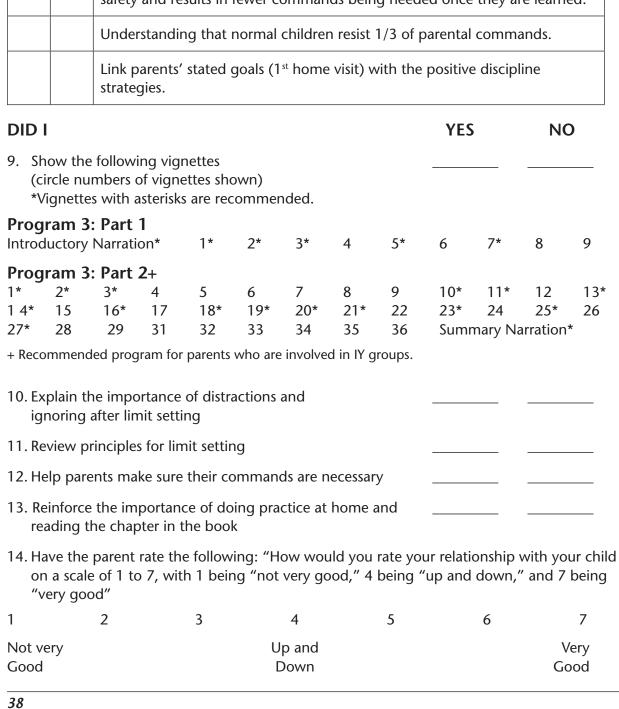
Program 3, Parts 1 and 2: Positive Discipline–Rules, Routines and Limit Setting

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Н	OME VISITOR:		
P/	ARENTS' NAMES:		
D/	ATE(S) OF VISIT: CIT	ΓΥ:	
Rι	lles, Responsibilities, and Limit Setting		
DI	DID I		NO
1.	Spend some time checking in and determining how parents are doing with home assignments and parenting efforts	g	
2.	Discuss discipline goals with parents		
3.	Talk about how parents are reducing commands to mos important ones and avoiding chain commands or nega commands		
4.	Review basic principles of rules and effective limits		
5.	Talk about benefits and barriers to setting limits		
5.	Teach parents rationale for predictable routines and established household rules		
7.	Set up role plays to practice the following: (Note whether play was done with child or with coach) Explaining Bedtime or Morning Routines to Children Leaving Children at Day Care or School in Predictable W Explaining Household Rules to Children Setting Clear Limits at Dinner Time Ignoring Children's Negative Responses When Not Permitted to do What They Want Rewriting Negative Commands (See Handout)	/ay	
3.	Review key points about Routines, Rules and Limit Settin	ng	



Discu	issed	Koy Doint
YES NO		Key Point
		Reducing unnecessary commands.
		Stating commands in polite, clear ways.
		Giving children time to comply to command.
		Importance of praise for children's compliance to requests.
		Establishing predictable routines for children is important to their feeling of safety and results in fewer commands being needed once they are learned.
		Understanding that normal children resist 1/3 of parental commands.
		Link parents' stated goals (1st home visit) with the positive discipline strategies.



Home Checklist Positive Discipline–Time Out, Natural and Logical Consequences, and Problem Solving



Program 4: Parts 1 through 5

Н	OME VISITOR:		
PΑ	ARENTS' NAMES:		
D	ATE(S) OF VISIT: CIT	ΓΥ:	
Fo	ollow Through with Commands, Ignoring and 1	Time Out (Prog	ram 4)
DI	DID I		NO
1.	Spend some time chatting and establishing a relationship	ip	
2.	Discuss with parents their goals for discipline		
3.	Talk about how they are reducing commands to the moimportant ones	ost	
4.	Review basic principles of rules and effective limits		
5.	Talk about benefits and barriers to ignoring misbehavior	<u> </u>	
6.	Identify behaviors which can be ignored		
7.	Teach parents rationale for Time Out and the steps invo	lved	
8.	Set up role plays to practice the following: (Note whether play was done with child or with coach.) Ignoring Misbehavior Practice Basic Time Out Procedure for Hitting Managing a Child Who Resists Time Out Doing Time Out for Extremely Noncompliant Child Using Cognitive and Physical Methods to Stay Calm Wh Children Are Misbehaving		
9.	Explain the following: Time Out for 3- to 5-Year-Olds Time Out for 6- to 8-Year-Olds "Ignore Principle"		



DID I YES NO

10. Review key points about Ignoring and Time Out _____ ____

Discussed	Key Point	
a.	Reserving Time Out for aggressive behavior or extreme oppositional behavior.	
b.	Stay calm while following through with Time Out.	
c. Help children understand how to calm down when sent to Time C		
d.	Learning how to respond to children who resist Time Out.	
e.	Understanding that once Time Out is over, child gets a new learning trial and chance to be successful—no further discussion of why they went to Time Out.	
f.	Exploring other logical and natural consequences that could be used for misbehavior.	
g.	Link parents' stated goals (1st home visit) with the positive discipline strategies.	



DID I YES NO

11. Show the following vignettes ______

(circle numbers of vignettes shown)
*Vignettes with asterisks are recommended.

Program 4: Part 1 – Follow Through with Commands

Introductory Narration* 1* 2* 3* 4 5 6 7* 8 9
10* 11 12 13*

Program 4: Part 2 Ignoring

3* 7* 2 4 5* 6 9 10 11* 12 13 1 14 15 16 17 18 19 **Summary Narration***

Program 4: Part 3 – Time Out to Calm Down+

Introductory Narration* 5 6* 8* 9* 1* 2* 3 4 7 10* 11* 12* 13 1 4* 15* 16* 17 18 19 20* 21* 22 24 25 28 29 23 26 27

Program 4: Part 4 – Consequences

1* 2 3 4* 5* 6* Summary Narration*

Program 4: Part 5 – Problem Solving

Introductory Narration*1* 2 3 4 5 7 10 6 12* 13* 15 16 17 18 19* 20* 14* **Summary Narration***

+ Recommended program for parents who are involved in IY groups.

Home Visiting Coach

DID I			YES	NO				
12. Review princi	ples for natural and	iences _						
13. Discuss natur child's misbel	al or logical consequavior	ate for _						
14. Discuss strategies involved in helping children learn to problem solve								
15. Set up a practice with Wally book for parent to help her child learn problem-solving solutions								
16. Reinforce the importance of doing practice at home and reading the chapter in the book								
17. Have the parent rate the following: "How would you rate your relationship with your child on a scale of 1 to 7, with 1 being "not very good," 4 being "up and down," and 7 being "very good"								
1 2	3	4	5	6	7			
Not very Good		Up and Down			Very Good			

Summary