Appendix



Important Notes to Remember



NOTE: The evaluations, forms, and participant certificate in this section may be kept as master copies and photocopied for reuse with your groups. All copyright information must be maintained and you may not alter any of the content on these materials.

These forms are also available on our website, www.incredibleyears.com (in *Group Leader Resources* section).



Appendix

Self-monitoring Checklist (to be reproduced)	59
Collaborative Process Checklist (to be reproduced)	61
Buzz Form (to be reproduced)	66
Weekly Evaluation Form (to be reproduced)	67
Final Participant Satisfaction Questionnaire (to be reproduced)	68
Autism Program Pyramid (to be reproduced)	73
Program Content and Objectives	74
Assessing Children's Play and Language Levels (to be reproduced)	76
How I Am Incredible! Handout (to be reproduced)	79
How to Use the <i>How I Am Incredible!</i> Handout and Samples	80
Teachers Thinking Like Scientists (to be reproduced)	83
Certificate of Completion (to be reproduced)	85

Helping Preschool Children with Autism Program Self-Monitoring Checklist Children 2-5 Years

Please fill out this checklist each week indicating your personal goals for what you would like to achieve. The following week check if you have achieved your personal goals and make your new goals for the week. (This checklist is kept in a file folder for each parent.)

Sessions 1 & 2: Promoting Language Development	Goals I met:
My goal for the coming weeks:	
Read Chapters 1, 2, & 3 in Helping Preschool Children with Autism: Parents	
and Teachers As Partners	
Review my goals for myself and children	
Play using child-directed approach with descriptive commentary,	
imitation, and repetiton	
Use non-verbal signals or visual prompts with verbal communication	

Session 3: Promoting Social Interactions	Goals I met:
My goal for the coming week:	
Read Chapters 4 & 6 in Helping Preschool Children with Autism: Parents and	
Teachers As Partners	
Review my goals for myself and children	
Play using peer social coaching methods and dramatic play experiences	
with 2-3 children	
Model and prompt social skills such as sharing and turn taking	

Session 4: Promoting Social Interactions	Goals I met:
My goal for the coming week:	
Read Chapters 6 & 10 in Helping Preschool Children with Autism: Parents	
and Teachers As Partners	
Play using pretend play with puppets or props with 2-3 children	
Use the ABC sequence	
Practice using intentional commentary to promote child's awareness of	
other children	

Session 5: Promoting Emotion Literacy and Self-Regulation	Goals I met:
My goal for the coming weeks:	
Read Chapters 5 & 7 in Helping Preschool Children with Autism: Parents and Teachers As Partners	
Use emotion coaching during play	
Teach children some self-regulation skills (e.g., calm down thermometer, breathing, happy thoughts)	

Session 6: Promoting Emotion Literacy and Self-Regulation	Goals I met:
My goal for the coming weeks:	
Read Chapters 8 & 9 in Helping Preschool Children with Autism: Parents and Teachers As Partners	
Use emotion coaching during play	
Use visuals (schedules, rules, and command cards), wait for a response and praise compliance. Ignore misbehavior and redirect. Use ABCs	



Helping Preschool Children with Autism Program Collaborative Process Checklist

(Supplemental form)

This checklist is designed as a supplement/addendum to the full Teacher Group Leader Collaborative Process Checklist. See web site http://www.incredibleyears.com/resources/gl/teacher-program/ for full checklist.

Lea	ader Self-Evaluati	on (name):					
Со	-leader Evaluatio	n:					
	SESS CHILD'S D I the leader(s):	EVELOPMENTAL	LEVEL		YES	NO	N/A
1.	1. Ask teachers in first session to complete assessment checklists on their children's communication stage (doesn't understand or is uninterested in verbal language, uses physical gestures to communicate, uses visual prompts, makes sounds, uses one word, echolalic, complete sentences etc.						
2.	. Understand each individual child's unique play developmental level (no play, repetitive play, unconventional play, functional play, pretend play, rules based play)?						
3.	3. Explore with teachers children's sensory motor needs (likes and dislikes inventory)?						
4.	. Help teachers have a realistic understanding of each child's						
CC	PAND TEACHER DMMUNICATION If the leader(s):		GAGE CHILDREN IN	I VERBAL AND I	NONVE	RBAL	
1.		nderstand how to nce interpersonal c	use gestures, visual h	nelpers and pictu	res and	concre	te
	1 Never	2 Rarely	3 Sometimes	4 Frequently	Ve	5 ry Frequ	ently
2.		ners to know when neir suggestions an	to physically guide and requests?	their children's h	ands ar	nd move	ements
	1 Never	2 Rarely	3 Sometimes	4 Frequently	Ve	5 ry Frequ	ently

3.	3. Help teachers learn to communicate with their children by simplifying language according to each child's language level, slowing down their rate of talking, stressing & exaggerate key words with enthusiasm and gestures, and using repetition and modeling?				
	1	2	3	4	5
	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Frequently	Very Frequently
4.	Help teachers m	ake activity choice	e boards and picture	schedules of daily	activities?
	1	2	3	4	5
	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Frequently	Very Frequently
	LP TEACHERS U the leader(s):	NDERSTAND THE	PRINCIPLES OF BE	HAVIOR CHANGE	
1.		nderstand the ABC n news skills and b	C'S to bring about tea ehaviors?	aching learning op	portunities for
	1	2	3	4	5
	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Frequently	Very Frequently
	140001	Nurciy	Sometimes	rrequently	very rrequently
2.	2. Help teachers to gently persist with interactions with children using motivating anteced and prompting children to replace unwanted negative behaviors (which are ignored) we positive social behaviors to get what they want?				
	1	2	3	4	5
	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Frequently	Very Frequently
3.			ortance of modeling ild-directed play and		
	1	2	3	4	5
	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Frequently	Very Frequently
4.	Help teachers unbehavior?	nderstand how to	use "prompt fading"	to develop more	independent
	1	2	3	4	5
	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Frequently	Very Frequently
5.	Help teachers un		get in children's atte	ntion spotlight in	order to engage
	1	2	3	4	5
	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Frequently	Very Frequently
	140401	nurciy	Joinedines	rrequerity	very rrequerity

6.	6. Help teachers identify key rewards which will motivate or cue their children's positive communicative behavior?					
	1	2	3	4	5	
	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Frequently	Very Frequently	
7.			ehaviors while holding oehaving in desired wa		nild wants and only	
	1	2	3	4	5	
	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Frequently	Very Frequently	
BU			ACH THEIR CHILDRE SELF-REGULATION, A			
1.		y interactions;	ow to use social and e individualize accordin			
	1 Never	2 Rarely	3 Sometimes	4 Frequently	5 Very Frequently	
2.			ow to teach their child al cue self-regulation o			
	1 Never	2 Rarely	3 Sometimes	4 Frequently	5 Very Frequently	
3.	3. Teach teachers how to prompt and partially prompt children's verbal and nonverbal social interactions and communication during play times and games?					
	1 Never	2 Rarely	3 Sometimes	4 Frequently	5 Very Frequently	
4.	. Help teachers use dolls and doll clothing, stuffed animals, fake food, tea sets, wash clothes, hair brushes, toothbrushes, etc. to practice conventional self-care and actions such as getting ready for bed, washing, dressing, and eating?					
	1 Never	2 Rarely	3 Sometimes	4 Frequently	5 Very Frequently	
5.			e environment can be , tactile and sensory ac		or reduce a child's	
	1	2	3	4	5	
	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Frequently		

INDIVIDUALIZE ROLE PLAY PRACTICE FOR TEACHERS Did the leader(s):

1.	Engage in role plays which are individually tailored according to individual children's developmental abilities and language skills. These should include use of visual prompts, gestures, imitation, simple language, songs and interactive reading with books?						
	1 Never	2 Rarely	3 Sometimes	4 Frequently	5 Very Frequently		
2.		on role play practice ts and imaginary w	e involving pretend p orlds?	play such as the us	se of puppets,		
	1 Never	2 Rarely	3 Sometimes	4 Frequently	5 Very Frequently		
3.	Support teache behaviors can b	•	f the importance of p	oredicable routine	s and what		
	1 Never	2 Rarely	3 Sometimes	4 Frequently	5 Very Frequently		
4.			mes (at school) betweir coaching method				
	1 Never	2 Rarely	3 Sometimes	4 Frequently	5 Very Frequently		
	ILD TEACHERS' the leader(s):	UNDERSTANDING	G OF CHILDREN'S V	VORLD VIEW			
1.	Help teachers k	now how to get in	their children's atter	ntion spotlight?			
	1 Never	2 Rarely	3 Sometimes	4 Frequently	5 Very Frequently		
2.	. Help teachers be aware of children's sensory likes and dislikes (auditory, visual, tactile, smell taste/oral, proprioception [body space/balance/need for movement or stillness]).						
	1 Never	2 Rarely	3 Sometimes	4 Frequently	5 Very Frequently		
3.	Help teachers d	evelop empathy fo	r their children's uni	que world view?			
	1 Never	2 Rarely	3 Sometimes	4 Frequently	5 Very Frequently		

BUILD TEACHERS' SUPPORT NETWORKS

Did the leader(s):

1. Allow time during group sessions for teachers to support each other and to share personal experiences and difficulties in order to build social support in group and reduce stress?

1 2 3 4 5 Never Rarely Sometimes Frequently Very Frequently

2. Emphasize teachers supporting each other and sharing successful strategies.

1 2 3 4 5
Never Rarely Sometimes Frequently Very Frequently

3. Help teachers understand the importance of partnering with parents to provide consistent approaches at home and school and collaborative behavior plans?

1 2 3 4 5 Never Rarely Sometimes Frequently Very Frequently

Additional Comments:



Incredible Years Buzz!



Leader's Name: E-mail: Date:

Check what we've accomplished!

Reminders



Child Directed Play

Preacademic Coaching

Persistence Coaching

Social Coaching

Emotion Coaching

Pretend & Puppet Play

Interactive Reading

Self-Praise

Praise & Rewards

Songs & Gestures

Self-Care

Using Visual Cue Cards

Social, Sensory Likes

Limit Setting

Ignore, Redirect & Distract

Staying Calm

Getting Support

Teach Children to Calm Down & Self-Regulate

Practice Exercises

Principles

Personal Goals and Planned Practices

Incredible

www.incredibleyears.com



Helping Preschool Children with Autism Program Participant Weekly Evaluations

Name	Session	D	ate
1. The video vignettes wer	re:		
not helpful	neutral	helpful	very helpful
2. The content of the sessi	on was:		
not helpful	neutral	helpful	very helpful
3. The group leader's teac	hing and leadership skills w	/ere:	
not helpful	neutral	helpful	very helpful
4. The group discussion ar	nd interaction was:		
not helpful	neutral	helpful	very helpful
5. The use of practice exer	cises in the group was:		
not helpful	neutral	helpful	very helpful
6. The suggested practice	activities and readings bety	ween sessions wer	e:
not helpful	neutral	helpful	very helpful
Additional comments:			
			(continue on back)



Final Participant Satisfaction Questionnaire Helping Preschool Children with Autism Program

(To be comp	leted at end of	the program)				
Participant's	Name		[Date		
Teachers and answer as ho	Parents as Parents as Parents as Parents as possi The program w	is part of our eva tners Program t ble. The informa e offer. Your cod	hat you have ation obtaine	participated in d will help us t	. It is importa o evaluate ar	nt that you Id continu
A. The Ove	erall Progra	ım				
	the response th in this program.	nat best express	es how you h	onestly feel at	this point as	a result o
1. I feel that to program is		sed to strengthe	en children's s	ocial and emot	ional behavio	rs in this
very inappropriate	inappropriate	slightly inappropriate	neutral	slightly appropriate	appropriate	greatly appropriate
2. My overall	feelings about	my personal pro	ogress using s	social coaching	strategies are	
very pessimistic	pessimistic	slightly pessimistic	neutral	slightly optimistic	optimistic	very optimistic
3. My overall	feelings about	my personal pro	ogress using t	the emotion coa	aching strateg	jies are
very pessimistic	pessimistic	slightly pessimistic	neutral	slightly optimistic	optimistic	very optimistic
4. The effects children ar	_	elf-regulation str	ategies and ir	maginary pretei	nd play skills v	with the
considerably worse	worse	slightly worse	the same	slightly improved	improved	greatly improved
5. The childre	en's social and	emotional skills	are			
considerably worse	worse	slightly worse	the same	slightly improved	improved	greatly improved

6. The children's pre-academic skills for language, reading readiness, and persistence at a task are

considerably worse slightly the same slightly improved greatly worse improved improved

7. Would you recommend the program to another teacher or parent?

strongly not not recommend slightly not neutral slightly recommend strongly recommend recommend recommend recommend

8. My overall feeling about achieving my goals is

very negative slightly neutral slightly positive very negative positive positive positive

B. Teaching Format

Usefulness

In this section, please indicate how useful each of the following types of teaching are for you now. Please circle the response that most clearly describes your opinion.

1. Content of information presented was

extremely useless slightly neutral somewhat useful extremely useless useful useful useful

2. Using the video vignettes to demonstrate coaching skills was

extremely useless slightly neutral somewhat useful extremely useless useful useful useful

3. Group discussion of behavior change and communication strategies was

extremely useless slightly neutral somewhat useful extremely useless useful useful useful

4. Use of practice or role plays during group sessions was

extremely useless slightly neutral somewhat useful extremely useless useful useful useful useful

5. Practicing social, emotion coaching and pretend play skills between sessions was

extremely useless slightly neutral somewhat useful extremely useless useful useful useful useful

6. Weekly handouts (e.g., spotlighting tips & others) were

extremely useless slightly neutral somewhat useful extremely useless useful useful useful

7. Reading chapters from the *Incredible Teachers, Incredible Toddlers* or *Incredible Years* book was extremely useless slightly neutral somewhat useful extremely useless useful useful useful

C. Specific Techniques

Usefulness

In this section, please provide your ideas of how useful each of the following techniques is in improving your interactions with children. Please circle the response that most accurately describes the usefulness of the technique.

1. Narrated child	-directed play					
extremely useless	useless	slightly useless	neutral	somewhat useful	useful	extremely useful
2. Pre-academic	coaching					
extremely useless	useless	slightly useless	neutral	somewhat useful	useful	extremely useful
3.Social coaching	9					
extremely useless	useless	slightly useless	neutral	somewhat useful	useful	extremely useful
4. Emotion coach	ning					
extremely useless	useless	slightly useless	neutral	somewhat useful	useful	extremely useful
5. Using pretend	play and pupp	ets				
extremely useless	useless	slightly useless	neutral	somewhat useful	useful	extremely useful
6. Using emotion	nal self-regulation	on skills				
extremely useless	useless	slightly useless	neutral	somewhat useful	useful	extremely useful
7. Using praise a	nd rewards					
extremely useless	useless	slightly useless	neutral	somewhat useful	useful	extremely useful
8. Using nonverb	al communica	tion strategies				
extremely useless	useless	slightly useless	neutral	somewhat useful	useful	extremely useful

D. Evaluation of Group Leaders

Please answer the following questions about your group leader(s). Please circle the response to each question that best describes how you feel.

Group Leader	#1					
			(name)			
1. The leader's	s teaching wa	S				
very poor	poor	slightly below average	average	slightly above average	high	superior
2. The lead	der's preparati	on was				
very poor	poor	slightly below average	average	slightly above average	high	superior
3.At this point	t, I feel that th	e leader in the	program was			
extremely unhelpful	unhelpful	slightly unhelpful	neutral	slightly helpful	helpful	extremely helpful
E if only one le	ader was invol	r was involved ir ved.)	, , ,	please fill in the	following. (G	o to Section
			(name)			
1. The leader's	s teaching wa	S				
very poor	poor	slightly below average	average	slightly above average	high	superior
2. The lead	der's preparati	on was				
very poor	poor	slightly below average	average	slightly above average	high	superior
3.At this point	t, I feel that th	e leader in the	program was			
extremely unhelpful	unhelpful	slightly unhelpful	neutral	slightly helpful	helpful	extremely helpful

E. Parent/Teacher Group

In this section, please answer the following questions about your group. Please circle the response that describes how you feel.

1. I feel the group was

very somewhat neutral somewhat very unsupportive unsupportive unsupportive supportive supportive supportive

2. Concerning other group members' interest in my situation, I felt they were

very somewhat neutral somewhat very uninterested uninterested uninterested interested interested interested

3. I would like to keep meeting as a group

YES NO

4. How likely is it that you will continue meeting with one or more of the participants in your group?

highly somewhat neutral somewhat very unlikely unlikely likely likely likely

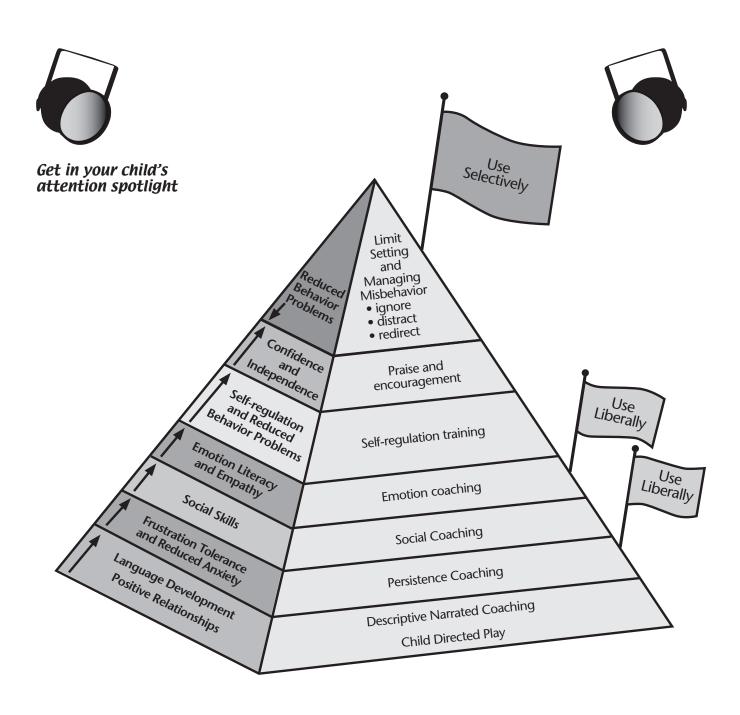
F. Your Opinion

1. How could the program have been improved to help you more?

2. At this time do you feel the need for additional assistance? Please elaborate.

3. What did you see as the main benefit of the *Helping Preschool Children with Autism: Teachers and Parents as Partners* program?

Thank you for your patience in filling out all of these questionnaires. Your input is very much appreciated, and really helps us to plan future programs.



Autism Program Pyramid



Content and Objectives of the Helping Preschool Children with Autism: eachers and Parents as Partners Program

Part One: Promoting Language Development

- Value of teachers and parents giving focused child-directed narrated play as a way of promoting joint play and social communication.
- Understanding how to get in child's attention spotlight and not letting the child exclude parent or teacher.
- Appreciating the importance of gesturing, imitation, modeling, and face to face interactions
- Assessing child's sensory likes (and dislikes) and developing sensory routines, songs and games to motivate the child's communication.
- Using communication checklist with adults and peers to determine child's communication goals.
- Determining appropriate developmental goals and adjusting verbal and nonverbal language according to the children's communication stage.
- Using visual prompts and supports such as snack talk cards, signals, and concrete objects to promote social communication and language understanding.
- Tailoring pace, amount, and complexity of language modeled according to child's communication stage.
- The modeling principle and importance of positive affect and exaggerated facial responses.
- Understanding how to set up practices to prompt social communication.

Part Two: Promoting Social Interactions

- Understanding how to model, prompt, and coach children's social skills.
- Understanding the ABCs of behavior change.
- Encourage back and forth communication by pausing to wait for child's response or signal before giving child what he/she wants.

mportance of responding enthusiastically with praise and gestures when child shares, helps or tries to interact with another child.

- Understanding how to use intentional coaching communication.
- Understanding how to set up drama pretend play and cooperative play activities with 3 children to teach them to cooperate in joint play and work
- Setting up behavior plans for individual children for target social coaching.
- Understanding how to model, prompt, and coach children's social behaviors (waiting, helping, sharing) and social communication.
- mportance of responding enthusiastically with praise and gestures when child shares, helps or tries to interact with another child.
- Understanding how to use picture play scripts to promote joint play.
- Understanding how to set up more structured play scenarios with picture cue cards and rewards to help two children practice social skills.

74

Part Three: Promoting Emotion Literacy and Self-Regulation Skills

- Emotion coaching promotes children's emotion language skills and empathy.
- Emotion language is a precursor to self-regulation.
- The "attention rule" the principle of paying attention to more positive than negative emotions and modeling positive expression of emotions.
- Learning how to combine emotion coaching with social coaching.
- Using feeling picture cards to promote children's understanding of feelings words and beginning empathy.
- Understanding how to use pretend play and puppets to practice self-regulation skills.
- Practicing using the calm down thermometer to teach calm down skills.
- Determining when children are receptive to learning about calm down teaching or self-regulation prompts (e.g., positive self-talk, deep breathing, happy
- Understanding when the ignore strategy is a better response than giving the behavior attention.
- Importance of modeling self-control and calm-down strategies for children.

Assessing Children's Play and Language Levels Level One



Name of Child:	
Age of Child:	
Family Context	
(e.g., partnered or single; level of support; siblings; dep	pressed mom)
Language Level	
(e.g., screams, grunts, no signing, no babbling)	
Play Level	
(e.g., grabs toys, not interested in other children)	
Sensory Likes	
(auditory, visual, tactile, smell, taste/oral, proprioception	on)
Sensory Dislikes	
(e.g., upset with loud noise, loves running and being the	hrown)
Behavior Problems	Positive Opposite Behaviors
Goals for Parents	Goals for Child

Assessing Children's Play and Language Levels Level Two



Name of Child:	
Age of Child:	
Family Context	
Language Level	
(e.g., no spoken language, can point, leads parent by l	hand, vocalizes)
Play Level	
(e.g., plays alone, anxious and withdrawn)	
Sensory Interests	
Behavior Problems	Positive Opposite Behaviors
Goals for Parents	Goals for Child

Assessing Children's Play and Language Levels



Level Three Name of Child: Age of Child: **Family Context Language Level** (e.g., short phrases, 3-4 words, lots of sounds, delayed echoes, gestures) **Play Level** (e.g., simple pretend play, aggressive with peers) **Sensory Interests** (e.g., upset with loud noise, loves running and being thrown) **Behavior Problems Positive Opposite Behaviors** (e.g., escapes to avoid demands, easily overstimulated) **Goals for Parents Goals for Child**



HOW I WIN I	ici condic.
Family Structure and Support:	My Language Level (e.g., no spoken language, visual language, 1-2 words, echolalic, good language):
My Play Level (e.g., play alone, anxious or withdrawn, want to initiate play with others but don't know how, initiate but inappropriate):	My Sensory Likes (e.g., trucks, swinging, music, water play, bananas):
My Sensory Dislikes (e.g., loud noises, certain smells):	My Teacher's Goals for Me: (e.g., make a friend, more words, follow directions):

How I am Incredible!

The "How I am incredible!" handout is used to help teachers share information about their student's developmental level including language and play level, and sensory likes and dislikes. In addition, teachers share their goals for their students. This form is completed in the first IY teacher group meeting and helps the group leader and other teachers learn about the students in the group. During the first workshop teachers jot down what they know about their student at that time and share it with other teachers. At subsequent meetings, teachers add details about their student's specific developmental needs and make notes of any new discoveries they are making as they engage in child-directed play, coaching and develop strategies that they find helpful in supporting their goals. This form is also referred to by IY group leaders when tailoring role play practices geared towards each child's unique developmental level and language level. It is recommended that the template for this form be copied onto a large flip chart page, one for each student, and then placed on the wall so that it can be easily added to each week. It is also fun to put a picture of each child at the top of the roof so everyone can get to know each other's incredible student.



Sample "How I am Incredible!" form for Hudson

My support people:

Hudson.. 3 years old 9 months

Family.. father primary caregiver; mother works full time; no other siblings

My Language Level (e.g., no spoken language, visual language, 1-2 words, echolalic, good language):

Limited eye contact
Points to visual
Sometimes echo's what is said
Nods agreement –responds to verbal partial
prompts for food & preferred toys
Does not talk to peers and withdraws from
their verbal overtures

My Play Level (e.g., play alone, anxious or withdrawn, want to initiate play with others but don't know how, initiate but inappropriate):

Some functional solo play – cars Play repetitive with no variation Doesn't seem interested and/or is anxious with peers

Supported with play scripts reluctantly Reciprocal play with one child can be encouraged with social coaching, prompts & imitation (2 peers is too much stimulation and he withdraws)

My Sensory Likes (e.g., trucks, swinging, music, water play, bananas):

Enjoys spinning, being swung in a blanket Loves small skittles and will work for them Avoids social interaction Flaps when excited Withdraws in certain social situations - pulls clothing over head and is anxious

My Sensory Dislikes (e.g., loud noises, certain smells):

Doesn't like loud noises Upset when routine changes or his asked to stop spinning My Parent's Goals for Me: (e.g., make a friend, more words, follow directions):



My support people:

AMELIA'S FAMILY

~ 2 parents, younger toddler sibling, supportive parents

My Language Level (e.g., no spoken language, visual language, 1-2 words, echolalic, good language):

Responds to greetings from parents Speaks in 3-4 word sentences when prompted at centre. Does not initiate verbal exchanges with other children and does not respond to their overtures No emotion language

My Play Level (e.g., play alone, anxious or withdrawn, want to initiate play with others but don't know how, initiate but inappropriate):

My Sensory Likes (e.g., trucks, swinging, music, water play, bananas):

Some parallel play Needs adult support to model and prompt co-operative play with 1-2 peers or sibling Limited self directed social interaction with peers Interested in peers Likes play dough, reading books, games, puppets, running and jumping
Likes long, thin plant leaf which is with her constantly and she spins it
Joins mat times, sits with others in classroom
Does not like fine motor activities (some

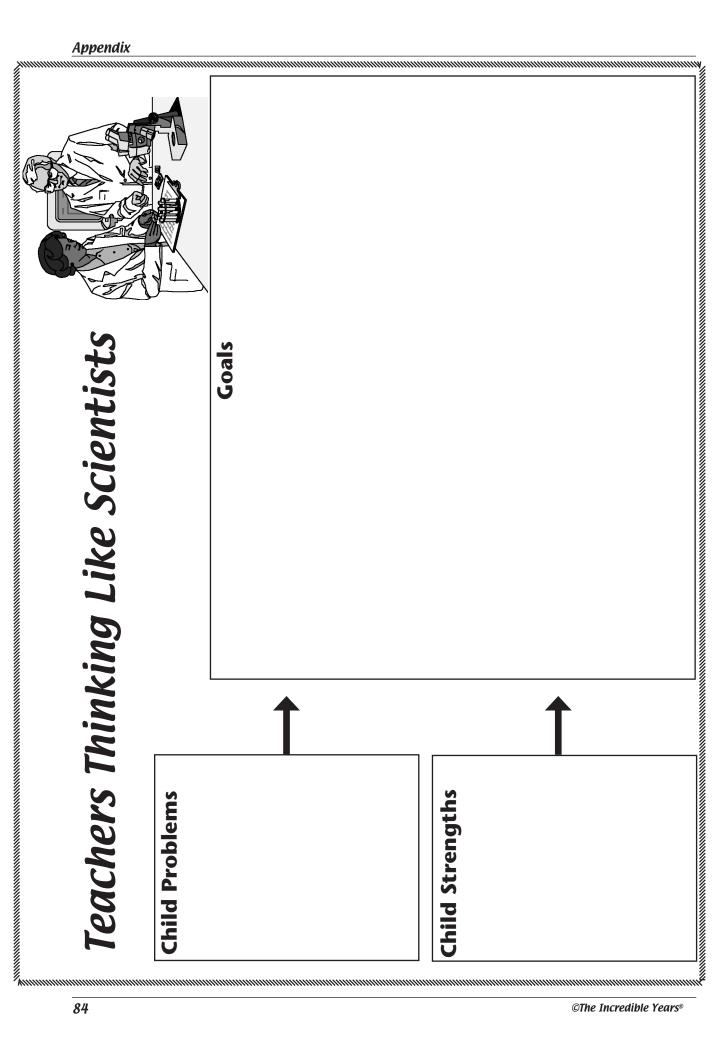
Does not like fine motor activities (some delays)

My Sensory Dislikes (e.g., loud noises, certain smells):

does not like fine motor activities

My Parent's Goals for Me: (e.g., make a friend, more words, follow directions):

Ongoing Plans (Thoughts, feelings behavior in self & **Obstacles** Teachers Thinking Like Scientists others) **Benefits** Strategies Goals **Child Strengths Child Problem**



Certificate

of Participation and Successful Completion in

Helping Preschool Children with Autism: Teachers and Parents as Partners program The Incredible Years®

Developed by Carolyn Webster-Stratton, Ph.D

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Date

Group Leader

