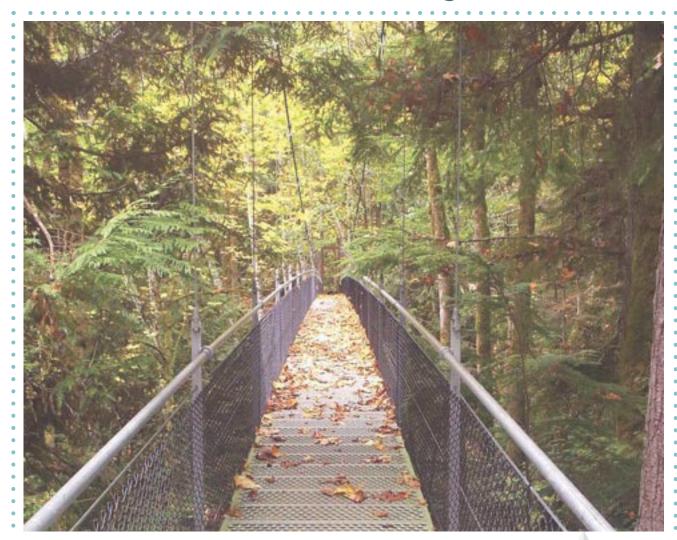


### **2015** Incredible Years® Mentor Meeting

Islandwood, Bainbridge Island "Retreat and Recharge"









### WELCOME TO THE INCREDIBLE YEARS® 2015 MENTOR MEETING AT ISLANDWOOD, ON BAINBRIDGE ISLAND, WA!

We are so excited to see you all and happy you were able to travel to this rejuvenating destination. Our theme for this year's meeting is "Retreat and Recharge." Our hope is that IslandWood creates a relaxing atmosphere to get away from the everyday hustle and bustle so we can focus on meaningful collaboration and learning together.

By now you will have arrived at IslandWood (we hope you enjoyed the ferry ride!) and we want to give you an overview and guidelines for the meeting days. Please refer to the **map provided** to help you navigate (or ask an IslandWood staff member to help guide you if you get lost).

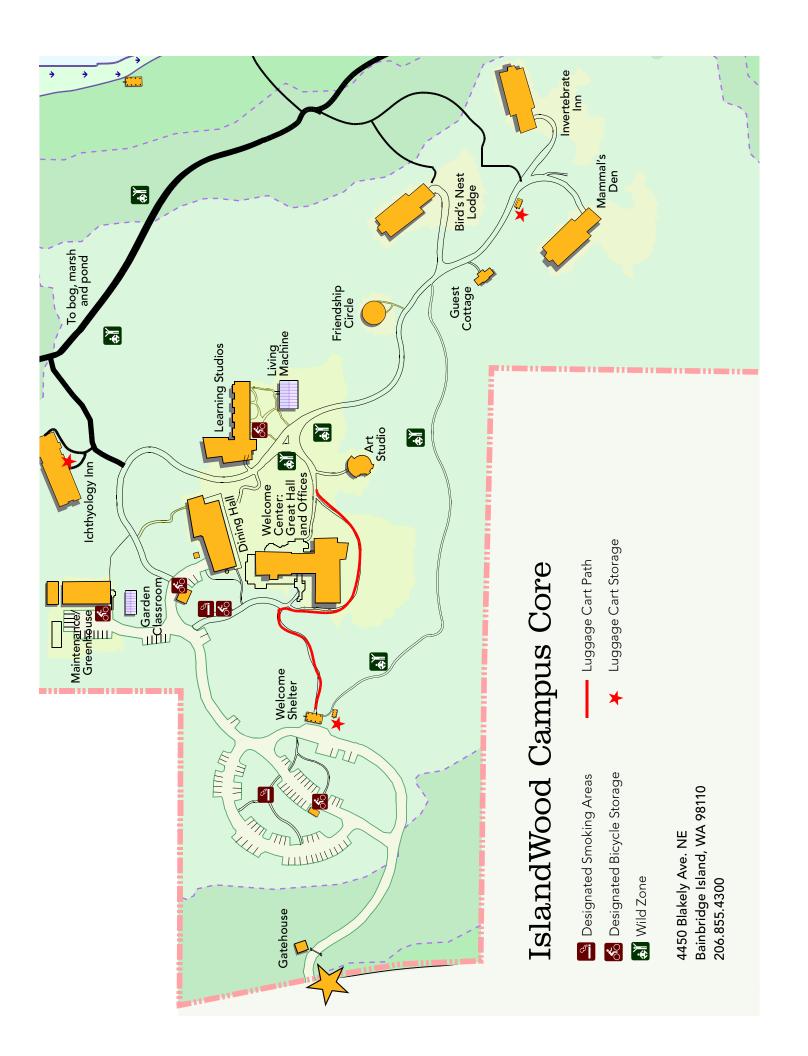
Our first day (Tuesday, September 1st) we will all meet together for research presentations in the Great Hall. Coffee will be provided in the meeting room. You will see on your agenda that from 4:30–7:00 you have a few options of things to do! *IslandWood has many different activities and we hope you will take advantage of these or ask the staff for other ideas of things to do.* After dinner we will have dessert and coffee/tea in the Friendship Circle area. (Unfortunately we will not have a fire out there due to the current burn ban!) We will also have a special fun activity during this time to help you all get to know each other better.

On **Wednesday** you will be served a hot breakfast in the **Dining Hall** at **7am**. We will meet briefly all together in the **Great Hall**, and then you will break up into groups. Pay close attention to your group name/location! *There are different groups for each of the days* and your name tag has your group symbols on it. Be sure to review the **Coach/Presenter roles** document in these handouts. Coffee and snacks will be brought to your meeting rooms throughout the day. Later on Wednesday we are having a **Surprise Team Bonding** event that you won't want to miss! We will all meet right outside the Welcome Center. After dinner, you are welcome to join us in the lcythology center for a casual evening of board games and conversation.

On Thursday you will again start with breakfast in the Dining Hall at 7am, and then meet briefly in the Great Hall as a whole group. Pay attention to the groups for Thursday - they are DIFFERENT from the groups you were in the day before! We look forward to our celebration dinner that evening, which begins at 7:30pm and will take place in the Great Hall.

Finally, please note we have *not* arranged assigned seating for any of your meals, however we really encourage you to spend time with new people who you don't know as well! You are an incredible group and we hope you have a chance to do some networking and meet new mentors.

Please enjoy your stay here and let us know any questions that come up. Incredible Years Staff will be available at the meeting and also IslandWood staff will be around as well, so don't hesitate to ask questions!



### **AGENDA**

### 2015 Incredible Years® Mentor Meeting Islandwood, Bainbridge Island



### **TUESDAY,**September 1st

TIRAE	ACTIVITY /DDFCFNTFD
TIME	ACTIVITY/PRESENTER
7:15 am MEET AT FERRY	All mentors and trainers meet at ferry in time to take <b>7:55</b> am ferry to Bainbridge. Around The Sound transportation service meets us at dock on other side and drives group to Islandwood. Arrival at venue approximately 8:45 am. Continental breakfast in <i>Dining Hall</i> .
9:15 - 9:30	(Move to Great Hall) Opening/introductions/announcements
9:30 - 10:15	Dianne Lees "Improving Outcomes for Conduct Problems – Primary Outcome Data from Basic Preschool and Home Programs"
10:20 - 11:05	Judy Hutchings "Developing Children's Language Competencies with IY Programs – Trials Using Toddler, Baby, and School Readiness Programs"
11:05 - 11:20	Break
11:20 - 12:05	Caroline White "Sustainable Implementation: Supervision's for life and not just for Christmas!!"
12:05 - 12:30	Break
12:30 - 1:30	Lunch – Dining Hall
1:30 - 2:15	Sue Evans "Outcomes for the IY Baby Programme in Powys, Wales and Feedback from Wales on Implementing the Home Coaching and Well Baby Programmes"
2:20 - 3:05	Tania Anstiss "Accreditation for Maori in New Zealand – Insights and Learnings for Support of Indigenous Group Leaders"
3:05 - 3:25	Break
3:25 - 4:15	Carolyn Webster-Stratton: "Incredible Years Recharges"
4:15 - 4:30	Closing, instructions for checking in, plan for evening & next day
4:30 - 7:00	Hike, nature walk, birds, etc. or time on your own
7:00 - 8:00	Dinner (no host bar) – Dining Hall
8:00	Dessert, Coffee/tea and Special activity in Friendship Circle

### "RETREAT & RECHARGE"



### **AGENDA**

### 2015 Incredible Years® Mentor Meeting Islandwood, Bainbridge Island



### WEDNESDAY,

### September 2nd

Time	Activity/Team	Location
7:00 am	Hot breakfast	Dining Hall
8:00 - 8:30	Main group together - Presentation: Desiree Murray	Great Hall
	<b>Sparrows</b> - Autism Program Training with Carolyn	Great Hall
8:45 - 10:15	Honeybees - Coach: Siri, Presenter: Kate	Learning Studio (LS) 102
6:43 - 10:13	Pinecones - Coach: Susan, Presenter: Caroline	Learning Studio (LS) 103
	Spruce Trees - Coach: Julie S., Presenter: Gary	Icthyology (great room)
10:15 - 10:30	Coffee break	Dining Hall
	<b>Sparrows</b> - Autism Program Training with Carolyn	Great Hall
10:30 - 12:00	Honeybees - Coach: Kari, Presenter: Angie C.	Learning Studio (LS) 102
10:30 - 12:00	Pinecones - Coach: Caroline, Presenter: Diana	Learning Studio (LS) 103
	Spruce Trees - Coach: Oddbjørn, Presenter: Micah	Icthyology (great room)
12:00 - 12:30	Break	
12:30 - 1:30	Lunch	Dining Hall
	<b>Sparrows</b> - Autism Program Training with Carolyn	Great Hall
1:30 - 2:45	Honeybees - Coach: Jamila, Presenter: Lindsay	Learning Studio (LS) 102
1:30 - 2:43	Pinecones - Coach: Jane, Presenter: Kim*	Learning Studio (LS) 103
	Spruce Trees - Coach: Megan, Presenter: Desiree	Icthyology (great room)
2:45 - 3:00	Coffee break	Dining Hall
	<b>Sparrows</b> - Autism Program Training with Carolyn	Great Hall
3:00 - 4:30	Honeybees - Coach: Bjørn, Presenter: Jamila (Reliability)	Learning Studio (LS) 102
3.00 - 4.30	<b>Pinecones</b> - Coach: Monica, Presenter: Carolyn R.	Learning Studio (LS) 103
	<b>Spruce Trees</b> - Coach: Sigrid, Presenter: Oddbjørn (Reliability)	Icthyology (great room)
4:30 - 5:00	Main group all together. Gems of the day.	Great Hall
5:30 - 6:30/7:00	Surprise Event - Team Bonding	Meet outside Welcome Center
7:00 - 8:00	Dinner, no host bar	Dining Hall
8:00 - 9:00	Board games	Icthyology



Peter Lene Julie A. Cathy Dianne Kimberlee Sue Judy Sherrell Tania Dean Jeannie



### **HONEYBEES**

Siri Jamila Bjørn Kate Lindsay Kari Angie Elena



### **PINECONES** Caroline

Monica Diana Line Kim\* Carolyn R. Susan\* Jane

\*If Kim T. is unable to attend meeting, Susan will present Kim's DVD



### **SPRUCE TREES**

Oddbjørn Megan Sigrid Gary Micah Julie S. Desiree Astrid

### **AGENDA**

### 2015 Incredible Years® Mentor Meeting Islandwood, Bainbridge Island



### **THURSDAY,** September 3rd

Time	Activity/Team	Location
7:00 am	Hot breakfast	Dining Hall
8:00 - 8:30	Main group together - Key learning points from previous day (select someone from each group to share briefly)	Great Hall
	Mallards - Incredible Beginnings Program Training with Carolyn	Great Hall
8:45 - 10:15	Black Bears - Coach: Kimberlee, Presenter: Judy	Learning Studio (LS) 102
6:43 - 10:13	Tree Frogs - Coach: Julie A., Presenter: Peter	Learning Studio (LS) 103
	Huckleberries - Coach: Dianne, Presenter: Sherrell*	Icthyology (great room)
10:15 - 10:30	Coffee break	Dining Hall
	Mallards - Incredible Beginnings Program Training with Carolyn	Great Hall
10:30 - 12:00	Black Bears - Coach: Susan, Presenter: Tania (Reliability)	Learning Studio (LS) 102
10:30 - 12:00	Tree Frogs - Coach: Jane, Presenter: Cathy	Learning Studio (LS) 103
	Huckleberries - Coach: Lene, Presenter: Kari	Icthyology (great room)
12:00 - 12:30 Break		
12:30 - 1:30	Lunch	Dining Hall
	Mallards - Incredible Beginnings Program Training with Carolyn	Great Hall
1:30 - 2:45	Black Bears - Coach: Bjørn, Presenter: Dean	Learning Studio (LS) 102
1:30 - 2:45	Tree Frogs - Coach: Peter, Presenter: Jeannie	Learning Studio (LS) 103
	<b>Huckleberries</b> - Coach: Kate, Presenter: Dianne	Icthyology (great room)
2:45 - 3:00	Coffee break	Dining Hall
	Mallards - Incredible Beginnings Program Training with Carolyn	Great Hall
3:00 - 4:30	Black Bears - Coach: Dean, Presenter: Kimberlee	Learning Studio (LS) 102
3:00 - 4:30	Tree Frogs - Coach: Jeannie, Presenter: Cathy (Reliability)	Learning Studio (LS) 103
	Huckleberries - Coach: Kari, Presenter: Astrid	Icthyology (great room)
4:30 - 5:00	Main group all together. Gems of the day.	Great Hall
5:00 - 7:30	Free time	
7:30	Celebration dinner, no host bar	Great Hall





### MALLARD DUCKS INCREDIBLE BEGINNINGS

Jamila Line
Gary Desiree
Oddbjørn Julie S.
Caroline Kim
Megan Siri
Monica



### BLACK BEARS

Bjørn Judy Kimberlee Carolyn R. Tania Susan Elena Dean



### TREE FROGS

Micah Peter Julie A. Lindsay Jeannie Cathy Diana Sue Jane



### **HUCKLEBERRIES**

Kari

Angie

Dianne

Sigrid

Lene

Sherrell\*

Kate\*

Astrid

\*If Sherrell is unable to attend meeting, Kate will present Sherrel's DVD





### INCREDIBLE YEARS MENTOR/TRAINERS RETREAT EVALUATION 2015

\*PLEASE FILL THIS OUT AND RETURN TO IY STAFF AT THE END OF THE MEETING\*

Please rate the following aspects of the 2015 Incredible Years® Mentor Meeting:

	_	•			_
1.	Usefulness of Resear	ch Presentation	s (Tuesday	<b>/</b> )	
	not helpful	neutral		helpful	very helpful
2.	Usefulness of Autism	Workshop (We	ednesday)	(if applicable)	
	not helpful	neutral		helpful	very helpful
3.	Usefulness of Incredi	ible Beginnings	Workshop	o (Thursday) (if ap	oplicable)
	not helpful	neutral		helpful	very helpful
4.	Usefulness of presen	ter/coach forma	at for grou	up video sharing (	(Wed/Thurs)
	not helpful	neutral		helpful	very helpful
5.	Usefulness of review	ing videos for re	eliability		
	not helpful	neutral		helpful	very helpful
6.	Usefulness of sharing	g videos of grou	ps or wor	kshops with othe	r mentors
	not helpful	neutral		helpful	very helpful
Ple	ase rate the following as	pects of the Island	dWood loca	ation and services:	
1.	Meals/snacks provid	ed by Islandwoo	od		
	1	2	3	4	5
2.	Overall location/area	a			
	1	2	3	4	5
3.	Lodging and amenit	ies			
	1	2	3	4	5
4.	Team bonding activi	ties			
	1	2	3	4	5

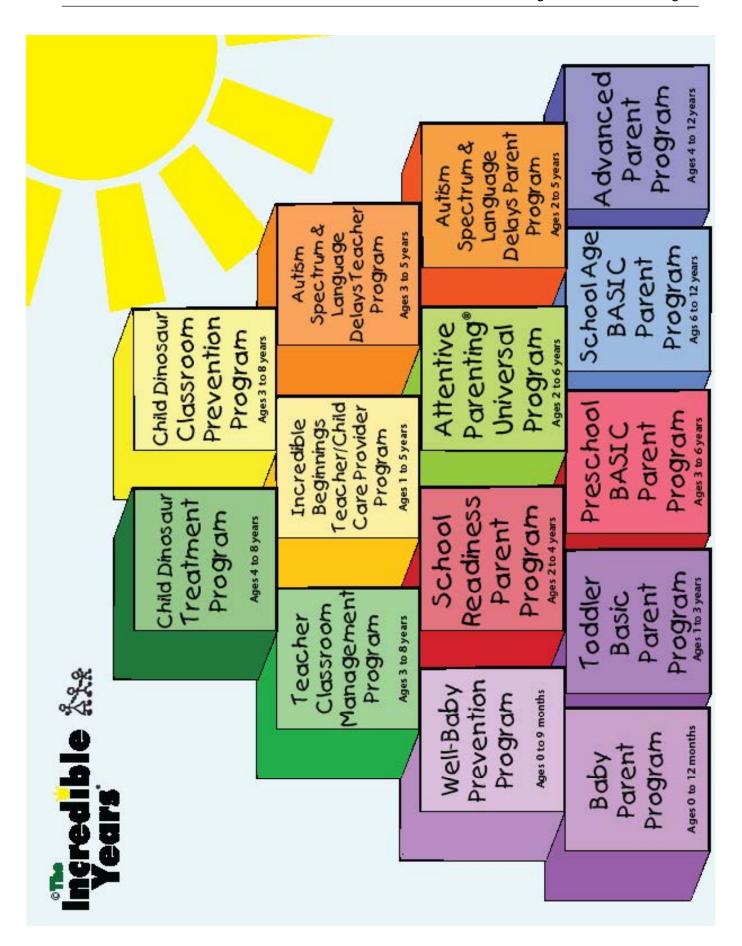
A 1 1'	
Aaaitional	questions:

1.	What was	the most	useful pa	art of this	meeting?
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2. Which topics or activities would be most useful to you for our next mentor meeting?

3. Do you have any additional comments or feedback about the IslandWood location? Suggestions if we use this venue again in the future?

4. Other comments? We value your suggestions for how to make this meeting the most useful it can be to you. Please let us know your thoughts.









Sherrell Prebble Parent Mentor, NZ

Sherrell is an Educational Psychologist with Ministry of Education. She has been implementing IY Parent, Child, and Teacher programs since 2005 and has a particular focus on supporting the delivery of programmes to Pacific Island, Migrant, and Refugee communities.



Kim Thomson TCM Mentor, NZ

Kim Thomson is a Registered Educational Psychologist and Early Childhood educator. She has been working in IY Parent and Teacher programmes since 2007.



Astrid Honoré
Parent Mentor, Norway

Astrid is the Head of Family counseling and prevention programs in the northwestern part of Copenhagen. She has been working with families since 2004 and has led IY parent groups since 2011.



Carolyn Rubenstein Parent Mentor, Colorado

Carolyn has been working with children and families for over 15 years. She has been involved with the Incredible Years programs since 2004. Carolyn currently works for Invest In Kids, a nonprofit in CO.



Micah Orliss Child Mentor, California

Micah is a licensed psychologist working at Children's Hospital Los Angeles. He specializes in working with youth in foster care. As part of his clinical work, Micah has been conducting Dina Small Groups for over six years.



Diana Linforth-Howden Parent Mentor, NZ

Diana is an IY Peer Coach in New Zealand and is a Mentor in Training for the IY Basic Parent Program. Diana has worked in the NGO and tertiary mental health sectors for the last 20 years.



Lindsay Sherman
Parent Mentor, Colorado

Lindsay has been working with children and families since 1996. She has been facilitating the BASIC IY parent program in Southwest Colorado since 2009. In 2012 she became a program consultant at Invest in Kids, a non-profit organization in Denver.



### **COACH AND PRESENTER ROLES**



### AS THE **PRESENTER** FOR A SESSION, YOU WILL BE RESPONSIBLE TO:

- Find your slot on the agenda: note the day, time, and allotted length of time (if you are marked as presenting a Reliability Video, this means you are showing a video you reviewed but were unsure if it should be passed for accreditation).
- Prepare your DVD segment ahead of time - select 1 or 2 segments of video (total 10-15 min) of your group session or workshop delivery for participant feedback and bring the DVD with you!
- Identify the goals for your presentation.
- Determine when you have had enough feedback.
- Reflect on your strengths and what you have learned from the discussion and future goals.

### AS THE **COACH** FOR A SESSION, YOU WILL BE RESPONSIBLE TO:

- Keep track of the time agenda for your presenter's session.
- Assure the presenter is in a safe environment and the feedback from participants is productive.
- Assist the presenter in making sure his or her goals are addressed.
- Allow everyone to participate with ideas and questions.
- Help scaffold the process of reflecting on the presenter's group leader process and methods demonstrated.
- Set up practice exercises as needed.
- Summarize what was learned from the discussion.





### Training and Expectations for Mentor Status Mentor Agreement

Candidates selected for mentor training are those who have achieved certification/accreditation as group leaders for the copyrighted Incredible Years® parent, teacher or child programs. They have extensive experience as group leaders for numerous groups and have the desire to mentor and support new group leaders. In addition to their advanced clinical skills, they have been recognized by accredited mentors, trainers and their agency supervisors for their excellent leadership skills and training capabilities.

Incredible Years reserves all of its copyrights and other intellectual property rights in its programs. This Mentor Agreement does not authorize any appointed certified mentor or anyone else to make derivative works of the programs or to copy, use, publish or distribute them without express written permission from Incredible Years. This Agreement does not give the certified mentor any rights or permissions to create derivative works or to offer courses under the Incredible Years name and brands with any other works than the unmodified and unaltered programs specifically offered by Incredible Years.

### **Mentor-in-Training**

After nomination by an accredited mentor or trainer, the candidate will:

- Submit an additional group tape (post certification) for ongoing feedback and supervision from trainer.
- Attend consultation workshops.
- Participate with a trainer or mentor in leading a consultation day, and when possible attend peer coaching training.
- Watch a trainer or mentor do a workshop (following the training protocol checklist).
- Participate with a trainer in co-leading a workshop (each day mentor does more of the training)
- Decide with the trainer if mentor is ready to do a workshop alone (maybe decide to co-lead a second workshop with a trainer).
- Lead a workshop independently and video parts of training to be sent to trainer (no more than 3 hours)
- Submit video of workshop, list of participants, attendance and evaluations of workshop to IY
- Begin to mentor new group leaders by co-leading with them.

### **Certified Mentors and Term**

Once mentors have been accredited or certified, then s/he (the certified mentor) can offer "authorized" workshops in their agency or specified district, which geographic area is to be determined in discussion with IY with written confirmation (email is acceptable).

<sup>\*</sup>see checklist of training steps for more details.

Certified mentors are responsible for setting up the venue, deciding on the fee (if there is one), advertising, arranging food and handouts etc. (See tips for setting up a workshop handout.) The appointment of a certified mentor is made by Incredible Years and are subject to the laws of the State of Washington, USA, where Incredible Years has its offices. Incredible Years may at its sole discretion immediately terminate any appointment if the certified mentor violates the terms and conditions of this Mentor Agreement. Termination of any appointment or this Agreement does not terminate any of the copyright, trademark and other intellectual property rights in the programs and is not the sole recourse for Incredible Years if there is any breach of this Agreement or any infringement or other violation of such intellectual property rights in the programs. Any dispute arising from this Agreement or infringement or violation of any of the intellectual property rights in the program shall be subject to arbitration under the rules of the American Arbitration Association in Seattle, Washington, USA.

Subject to the preceding paragraph, the appointment as a certified mentor shall be ongoing as long as mentors attend the annual mentor meeting at least every two years, follow updated protocols and use updated materials. However Incredible Years may elect to bring any action or proceeding in any court or forum having jurisdiction over the certified mentor to protect the intellectual property rights of the programs that are the subject of this Agreement. The prevailing party in any arbitration or litigation shall be entitled to recover its reasonable fees and costs (including attorney or expert fees) as may be awarded in the arbitration award or by a court.

### A certified mentor agrees to and shall observe the following:

- To let IY administrator know prior to delivering a workshop of the dates and place of the workshop. This may be posted on web site if desired.
- To adhere to workshop protocol checklists to be sure core training components are covered.
- To provide standard workshop handouts & check with IY staff that the most current handouts are being used.
- To only offer the workshops to trainees within the mentor's defined agency/district. Workshops outside a mentor's agency/district is by prearranged agreement with Incredible Years, on a case-by-case basis. (10% rule allows 10% of participants to come from out of the mentor's district.)
- To attend mentor retreats at least every two years to learn about new research, new adaptations and new programs.
- To respect and not infringe upon or otherwise violate the copyrights and trademarks of the Incredible Years® programs.
- Not to create derivative works or to offer courses under the Incredible Years name and brands with any other works than the unmodified and unaltered programs specifically offered by Incredible Years, and in all such cases only with advanced written permission from Incredible Years.



A certified mentor shall submit to of a workshop:	IY the following	materials immediately upon completion
Names and addresses are com Completed workshop checklis Daily participant evaluations Payment of US \$25/participant Years office for invoice)  Certified mentor consultation and	st (tallied on summar nt fee (send payme	ry sheet) nts with evaluations and/or ask Incredible
group leaders who have received the eotape reviews, telephone consultation. Certified mentor continuing supervision Certified mentors are expected to particular every 1-2 years. During these presented. In addition, mentors mee	ed to provide ongoiner training workshion, and/or group resion and consultation articipate in mentor seementor meetings to share videotapethey have used to	ing mentoring/consultation and support to ops. This may be done in the form of videview of videotapes and/or consultations. on meetings and consultations with IY is new materials and new research will be set of their workshops, groups, and supertraining parents and/or new group leaders.
AGREED:		
the above terms and conditions of the other electronic or digital copy of the	nis Mentor Agreem his Agreement sign my signature. This	e, by signing below I accept and agree to ent. I also agree that a pdf or faxed or ed by me shall have the same force and ef-Mentor Agreement is subject to Incredible or:
	Date:	, 2015
Name:		
Title (if any) Organization		
Contact Information:		



### Do's and Don'ts to be in compliance with Incredible Years® Copyright, Trademark, Brand Law\*

\*This is intended to be a helpful guide - for full regulations see Brand License Agreement

### DO

- Attend an Incredible Years® Certified/Accredited training (or make sure someone within your agency has done so).
- Read and sign the incredible Years® Brand License Agreement, then send it back to the incredible Years®. (See contacts below.)
- Read the Terms and Conditions that are posted on the Incredible Years<sup>®</sup> website (<u>www.incredibleyears.com</u>) for further clarification regarding copyright works that are available for your use.
- Include registered trademark symbol "8" with all registered trademarks: The Incredible Years\*, Parenting Pyramid\*, Teaching Pyramid\*, and Attentive Parenting\*.
- Use the incredible Years<sup>®</sup> approved logo on your website or marketing materials for individual services;
  - Include the Copyright disclaimer somewhere visible on the page.
  - Include your company name on any materials where the Incredible Years® brand is used.
  - Make sure the incredible Years<sup>®</sup> logo is smaller than your company logo.
  - Make it clear that your company is independent from The Incredible Years<sup>®</sup>.
- Ask us before using the brand, trademark, or copyrighted works in any way other than what is specified in the brand agreement.
- CONTACT US with your questions or concerns!
  - E-mail: incredibleyears@incredibleyears.com
  - Phone: (888)-506-3562

### DON'T

- Use the incredible Years<sup>®</sup> brand on your company letterhead stationery, forms or other documents, or to identify/describe any product besides incredible Years<sup>®</sup> products.
- Use the Incredible Years<sup>®</sup> brand in any way that suggests your agency is an affiliate or owned by the Incredible Years<sup>®</sup>.

### For example:

- In business name, domain name, product/service name, trade dress, design, slogan, etc.
- Imitation of brand design in your company's logos or brands is not allowed as this may cause confusion between your company and The Incredible Years<sup>®</sup>.
- You may not combine the brand with any other images, words, photos, etc.
- Resize or after the brand/logo in any way.
- "Scrape" images from the incredible Years\* website: you may only use approved images and must contact the incredible Years\* office prior to use.
- Edit or after any of the materials found on the incredible Years<sup>®</sup> website in any way:
  - With the exception of measures and forms that are intended to be filled out, you may not make any changes to the copyrighted works available on the website. You may make copies of handouts for groups, and you may make copies of administrative information. You may not after the appearance, remove copyright information, or make any changes to content whatsoever without expressed approval from the Incredible Years\*.



The Incredible Years9 - www.incredibleyears.com - incredibleyears@incredibleyears.com



### **INCREDIBLE YEARS, INC.**

### **BRAND LICENSE AGREEMENT**

### ARTICLE I. Introduction

These guidelines are an integral part of The Incredible Years, Inc. (hereinafter "Licensor") Brand License Program (hereinafter "License") The term "Licensee" does not mean that there is any partnership, agency, affiliation or other relationship between an authorized licensee ("Licensee" or "YOU") and Licensor other than the licensing arrangement set forth herein. In all cases, Licensee and Licensor are independent contractors to each other.

Candidates for the license grants described herein must have members who have successfully completed The Incredible Years® training programs. A Licensee is granted a revocable license to use The Incredible Years® or any associated trademarks, service marks or trade dress (collectively the "Brand") for the purpose of letting potential clients know that such candidates have been given permission by Licensor to use the Brand. for Licensor The following guidelines explain how the Brand may be The Brand includes without limitation the USPTO registered trademarks: The Incredible Years®, Parenting Pyramid®, Teaching Pyramid® and Attentive Parenting®; the Washington State trade name "The Incredible Years"; and common law analogs or derivatives similar in sight, sound or meaning.

### ARTICLE II. Usage Guidelines

YOU must enter into this License before using any Brand. The Brand may be used only to indicate that YOUR organization has members who have received authorized training from Licensor. If at any time, YOUR organization no longer has any trained members, YOU must immediately discontinue use of the Brand.

### ARTICLE III. Using the Brand

- 1. YOU are prohibited from any unlawful conduct or other wrongful acts or omissions in using the Brand and YOU at all times must maintain the goodwill of the Brand and other brands.
- 2. YOU may use the Brand solely on YOUR Web site or in marketing materials for individual services but YOU must include a conspicuous disclaimer against any claims to ownership of the Brand or other intellectual property rights, with an explanation that Licensor is the owner of the Brand and/or the authorized licensee of other intellectual property rights, including copyrights, in Incredible Years® products and works. YOU must include a notice that the Brand is owned by The Incredible Years, Inc. and the copyrights in the Incredible Years® works are owned by Carolyn Webster-Stratton.
- 3. YOU may not use the Brand on YOUR company's letterhead stationery, forms or other documents, or to identify or describe any product other than Licensor products. Furthermore because the Brand represents the image of our corporation, organizations such as YOUR company may not use the Brand to identify their own organization or their own employees or independent contractors. For example only and not by way of limitation of the preceding sentences, YOU are prohibited from any use of the Brand on YOUR company's business cards or letterhead stationery or similar identifying documents or on YOUR company's Web pages that either (1) does not expressly identify an Licensor product or (2) includes any competitive products from Third Parties.
- 4. If YOU would like permission to include the Brand in materials describing YOUR company or other similar documents other than as specifically and expressly allowed in this Agreement, YOU must first

obtain Incredible Years®' prior written consent for any such use. Licensor has sole discretion on a case-by-case basis to grant or deny consent.

- 5. YOU may not display the Brand in any manner that suggests YOU are an employee or agent of Licensor or in a manner that suggests that YOUR company is an affiliate of or owned by or have common ownership with Licensor. To avoid any doubt as to the preceding sentence, the following are examples:
  - a) The Brand may not be included in YOUR trade or business name, domain name, product or service name, trade dress, design, slogan or other identification of business.
  - b) YOUR use of the Brand as allowed by this Agreement must clearly indicate that YOU are independent from Licensor.
  - c) YOUR name, trade name, or company name must appear on any materials where the Brand is used. The Brand cannot appear larger or more prominent than YOUR name, product or service name, trademark or service mark, Brand, or trade or company name.
  - d) The Brand may not be used in any manner that expresses or might imply Licensor's affiliation, sponsorship, endorsement, certification, or approval, other than as to members of YOUR organization who have successfully completed the Incredible Years®' training programs.
  - e) YOU may not combine the Brand with any other object, including, but not limited to, other Brands, icons, words, graphics, photos, slogans, numbers, design features, symbols, or Web site audio files.
  - f) The Brand may not be used as for the design ("look or feel") of YOUR company's logos or brands or otherwise in any way that can cause potential confusion between YOUR company and Incredible Years.
  - g) The Brand may not be imitated in any manner in YOUR materials.
- 6. YOU may use the Brand only as provided by Licensor. Except for size, which is subject to the restrictions in these guidelines, the Brand may not be altered in any manner, including proportions, colors, elements, etc., or animated, morphed, or otherwise distorted in perspective or dimensional appearance.
- 7. YOU may not use the Brand in any way other than as specified in these guidelines. Failure to comply with these instructions shall constitute a material breach of this Agreement.
- 8. Upon signing this Agreement YOU may be sent a media kit including preapproved marketing templates of the Brand formatted for Web use and print use and/or other marketing, promotion or advertising collateral as determined in Licensor' sole discretion.

### ARTICLE IV. Brand Elements

The Brand should never be taken apart and recombined in any way to create new artwork. No part of the Brand may be changed or re-sized in any way relative to the rest of the Brand.

### ARTICLE V. Orientation

The Brand should never be displayed in any orientation different from what is provided in the artwork provided by Licensor. Do not orient the Brand on its side. The text should always read horizontally on whatever medium it is being placed.

### ARTICLE VI. Aspect Ratio

The original aspect ratio of the Brand must be preserved and must not be distorted in any way. When resizing the Brand, YOU must take care to lock the aspect ratio so that the type is neither condensed nor extended.

### ARTICLE VII. New Brand Artwork

From time to time, Licensor reserves the right to update the Brand artwork. YOU should begin using the new artwork as soon as it is available. YOU should immediately begin to phase out any materials with earlier versions of Brand artwork.

### ARTICLE VIII. Compliance with Guidelines

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Licensor's contact information is as follows:

Incredible Years, Inc.

Email: incredibleyears@incredibleyears.com Telephone: 206-285-7565 or 888-506-3562

Fax: 888-506-3562

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Stratton and to Licensor. All Incredible Years®' program materials must be ordered from Licensor through its Website: http://www.incredibleyears.com.

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- 1. To protect the Brand, copyrights and other rights in the Incredible Years®' program materials and products, and notwithstanding any potential conflicts of laws, the parties agree that in any dispute arising from this Agreement, the laws of the State of Washington, United States of America, shall apply. The application of the United Nations Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods is expressly excluded. Any dispute arising out of this Agreement shall be determined in accordance with the expedited Commercial Arbitration Rules ("Rules") of the American Arbitration Association ("AAA") in Seattle, Washington. The arbitration award shall be final and binding on the parties. English shall be used in arbitration.
- 2. The prevailing party may seek to enforce a final arbitration award in any and all courts or forums that have jurisdiction over the losing party. The final arbitration award shall be enforceable by any court having jurisdiction over the party against which the award has been rendered or wherever its assets can be located and shall be enforceable in accordance with the United Nations Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards (the New York Convention). Interim relief as may be allowed under the "Rules" may be requested by either party to protect the Brand, copyrights or other intellectual property rights in Licensor's program materials. The prevailing party is entitled to recover its reasonable attorney fees and costs against the losing party.

### ARTICLE XIII. Entire Agreement; Severability; Force Majeure

- 1. This is the entire agreement between the parties as to the subject matter. Any amendments to this Agreement must be in a writing signed by both parties.
- The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of the Agreement shall not affect or impair the validity or enforceability of any other provision hereof. The exercise of any right or remedy herein provided shall be without prejudice to the right to exercise any other right or remedy provided herein or by law. No waiver of rights shall be valid unless contained in a writing specifically referring hereto and signed by the party against whom enforcement is sought.
- 3. Time periods for either party's performance under any provisions of the Agreement shall be extended for periods of time during which the party's performance is prevented due to circumstances beyond such party's control, including without limitation, fires, floods, earthquakes, lockouts, strikes, embargoes, governmental regulations, acts of God, acts of terrorism, war or other strife.

### ARTICLE XIV. Term and Termination

- The Term of this License shall be for an initial one year ("Initial Term") and shall automatic renew for successive one-year terms so long as YOU are in full compliance with this License. If YOU breach any term or condition of this License and not cure the breach (if curable) within twenty (20) days of the date of the breach, this Agreement is terminated and the licenses granted herein are terminate.
- 2. On any expiration or termination of this Agreement, Articles XIII and X through XV shall survive such expiration or termination.

### ARTICLE XIV. Additional Warranty as to Authority

Each person signing the Agreement on behalf of YOUR company in a representative capacity represents and warrants that he or she has full power and authority to bind the party on whose behalf he or she signs.

### ARTICLE XV. Counterparts

The Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument. A facsimile copy of a counterpart original signature shall be deemed to be an original and shall have the same effect and validity as an original signature. An electronic copy or image of a counterpart original signature shall also be deemed to be an original with the same effect and validity of an original signature.

### **ACKNOWLEDGED AND AGREED:**

I have read the above Brand Agreement and understand the compliance guidelines and rules. My company hereby agrees to the aforesaid guidelines and rules and further understands and acknowledges that my company is granted only a license in accordance with the above guidelines. I have proper authority and power to sign on behalf of my company.

LICENSEE NAME:		
Signed		
•		
Print Name		
Title		
Dated:	, 20	
ACCEPTED AND AGREED:		
INCREDIBLE YEARS, INC.:		
Signed		
Print Name		
Title		
Dated:	. 20	







Autism Spectrum and Language Delays Parent Program

### **COMING SOON**

"Helping Preschool Children on the Autism Spectrum: Teachers and Parents as Partners"



Incredible Beginnings Program for Teachers and Child Care Providers

# Content and Objectives of the Autism Spectrum & Language Delays Program

### Content

### Objectives

# Part One: Child-Directed Narrated Play Promotes Positive Relationships

- Value of parents giving focused child-directed attention during play as a way of promoting positive relationships.
- Understanding how to get in a child's attention spotlight and not letting the child exclude you.
- Understanding how to narrate child-directed play to build language development.
- Learning how to transition to new play learning opportunities.
- Appreciate the importance of parental gesturing, imitation, modeling, face to face interactions, and visual prompts.
- Value of using picture choice cards.
- Choose games that address your child's sensory needs but avoid overstimulating.
- Understanding times not to follow your child's lead.

# Part Two: Pre-Academic and Persistence Coaching Promotes Language Development and School Readiness

- Determining appropriate developmental goals for children on the autism spectrum.
- Tailor pace, amount, and complexity of lanquage modeled according to child's communication stage.
- Understanding the value of persistence coaching for promoting children's attention span and managing their frustration.
  - The modeling principle—and importance of positive affect and exaggerated facial responses.
- Staying in child's attention spotlight by being responsive.
- Understanding the value of prompting and pre-academic coaching for building children's language skills and school readiness.
- Learning to coach pre-reading readiness.
- Adjusting verbal and non verbal language and visual prompts according to children's communication stage.
  - Responding to child's language as meaningfull even if not understandable or conventional
- Using visual supports such as gestures, pictures, and concrete objects to help child understand what others are saying.

### Part Three: Social Coaching Promotes Friendship Skills

- Social coaching and one-on-one child-directed play promotes a child's social skills.
- Understanding how to model, prompt, and coach a child's social skills.
- Respond enthusiastically and with praise whenever child shares or helps you (exaggerate responses)
- Understanding how to: Use songs, physical games, and sensory routines to optimize a child's social learning opportunities and draw attention to parent's
- Encourage back and forth communication by pausing to wait for child's response or signal before giving child what he/she wants.
- Use puppets and pretend play to encourage social communication.
- Use social coaching at dinner, bed time, and dressing time

### Continued

**Objectives** Content

### Part Four: Emotion Coaching Promotes Emotional Literacy

- Emotion coaching promotes children's emotion language skills and empathy.
- Emotion language is a precursor to self-regulation.
- The "attention rule"—the principle of paying attention to more positive than negative emotions and modeling positive expression of emotions.
- Understanding how to respond effectively to negative or uncomfortable emotions.
- Learning how to combine emotion coaching with social and persistence coaching.
- Using feeling picture cards to promote children's understanding of feelings words and beginning empathy.

## Part Five: Pretend Play Promotes Empathy and Social Skills

- Understanding the value of pretend play with puppets to promote children's social skills and empathy.
- Understanding the most effective ways to use puppets with children.
- Developing scenarios and practicing using them to promote children's social skills, empathy, and emotion language.
- Understanding how to use puppets and action figures along with books.

### Part Six: Promoting Children's Self-Regulation Skills

- Determining when children are receptive to learning about calm down teaching or self-regulation prompts (e.g., positive self-talk, deep breathing, happy
- Understanding how to use pretend and puppet play to do self-regulation teaching and practice.
  - Learning how to explain the calm down thermometer to children and practicing strategies.
    - Importance of using the ignore technique when child is too dysregulated
- Understanding concept of "selective attention."
- Parents modeling self-control and calm-down strategies.

## Part Seven: Using Praise and Rewards to Motivate Children

- Learning how to spotlight labeled praise for children.
- Identifying child's "positive opposite" target behavior to praise and reward.
- Understanding how to set up a developmentally appropriate plan of child social behaviors.
  - Recognizing the value of sensory activities and rewards for children.
- Learning how to praise and reward oneself and others for parenting efforts.
  - mportance of developing a parent support network.

### Continued

Content

Objectives

## Part Eight: Effective Limit Setting and Behavior Management

- Understanding how to give clear, brief, positive instructions.
- Using parent visual command cards as needed to make command understandable.
- Reduce number of commands to only necessary commands/instructions.
- Learning about the importance of giving children transition time and
- reminders. Understanding when to use redirections and physical prompts (guiding hands).
- Establishing clear and consistent household rules.
  Learning how to re-engage children in new learning opportunity when misbehavior subsides.
- Identify behaviors that can be ignored.

### **Content and Objectives of the Helping Preschool Children on the Autism Spectrum: Teachers and Parents as Partners Program**

### Teachers Content Objectives

### Part One: Promoting Language Development

- Value of teachers and parent giving focused child-directed narrated play as a way of promoting joint play and social communication
- Understanding how to get in child's attention spot light and not letting the child exclude you
- Appreciating the importance of gesturing, imitation, modeling, and face to face interactions
- Determining appropriate developmental goals and adjusting verbal and nonverbal language according to the children's communication stage
- Using visual prompts and supports such as snack talk cards, signals, and concrete objects to promote social communication and language understanding
- Tailoring pace, amount, and complexity of language modeled according to child's communication stage
- The modeling principle and importance of positive affect and exaggerated facial responses
- Understand how to set up practices to prompt social communication

### Part Two: Promoting Social Interactions

- Understanding how to model, prompt, and coach children's social skills.
- Understanding the ABCs of behavior change
- Importance of responding enthusiastically with praise and gestures when child shares, helps or tries to interact with another child.
- Encourage back and forth communication by pausing to wait for child's response or signal before giving child what he/she wants.
- Understanding how to model, prompt, and coach a child to interact and communicate with other children.
  - Understanding how to use intentional coaching communication.
- Understanding how to set up drama pretend play and cooperative play activities with 3 children to teach them to cooperate in joint play and work
- Setting up behavior plans for individual children for target social coaching.
- Understanding how to model, prompt, and coach children's social behaviors (waiting, helping, sharing) and social communication.
- mportance of responding enthusiastically with praise and gestures when child shares, helps or tries to interact with another child.
- Understanding how to use picture play scripts to promote joint play
- Understanding how to set up more structured play scenarios with picture cue cards and rewards to help two children practice social skills

### Continued

Content

Objectives

# Part Three: Promoting Emotion Literacy and Self-Regulation Skills

- Emotion coaching promotes children's emotion language skills and empathy
- Emotion language is a precursor to self-regulation
- The "attention rule" the principle of paying attention to more positive than negative emotions and modeling positive expression of emotions
- Learning how to combine emotion coaching with social coaching
- Using feeling picture cards to promote children's understanding of feelings words and beginning empathy
- Understanding how to use pretend play and puppets to practice self-regulation skills
- Practicing using the calm down thermometer to teach skills
- Determining when children are receptive to learning about calm down teaching or self-regulation prompts (e.g., positive self-talk, deep breathing, happy images)
- Understanding when the ignore strategy is a better response
- Importance of modeling self-control and calm-down strategies

# Content and Objectives of the Incredible Years® Incredible Beginnings™ Program (Ages 1-5)

Content  Workshop #1 Building Positive Relationships With Toddlers and Managing Separation Anxiety  Workshop #3 Social Coaching with Toddlers and Preschool- ers		Objectives  Understanding ways to build positive relationships and secure attachment with toddlers. Understanding the importance of welcoming greetings and predictable goodbye routines. Helping toddlers manage separation anxiety. Involving parents in supporting separation routines and reducing children's anxiety. Frostering predictable schedules to promote children's sense of security and safety. Encourage toddlers' play with peers. Engaging in toddler-directed play and promoting children's self-confidence and independence. Reassuring parents and debriefing children's experiences with them. Engaging in assessment of toddlers' progress. Importance of modeling social skills and one-on-one social coaching. Strategies for prompting and coaching preschool children's sharing, asking, helping and turn taking. Using circle time to promote social skills with both toddlers and preschoolers. Using puppets and pretend play to practice social interactions. Using puppets and pretend play to practice social interactions. Using of intentional commenting to facilitate preschool children's peer relationships. Engaging in interactive reading to promote social skills and practices.	Workshop #2 Promoting Language Development in Toddlers and Preschoolers Coaching with Toddlers and Preschoolers	<ul> <li>Objectives</li> <li>Using descriptive commenting.</li> <li>Understanding and importance of imitation, repetition, and nonverbal gestures for toddlers.</li> <li>Strategic modeling and prompting use of language.</li> <li>Being child-directed and responsive in play interactions to promote language.</li> <li>Using visual cues, songs, and menus to prompt social communication.</li> <li>Using interactive reading to promote reading readiness.</li> <li>Using pre-academic coaching with preschoolers.</li> <li>Setting up asking and telling practices to promote social communication between preschoolers.</li> <li>Building emotion coaching to model and prompt emotion language encouraging positive expression of emotions.</li> <li>Using pretend play and puppets to enhance beginning empathy learning.</li> <li>Understanding how to respond to unpleasant feelings</li> <li>Helping children stay regulated by using their words</li> <li>Teaching children self-regulation and calm down skills (e.g., positive self talk, positive imagery, deep breathing)</li> <li>Using books and puppets to teach to teach calm down skills</li> <li>Leaning how to explain the Calm Down Thermometer to children</li> <li>Setting up calm down practices and finding teachable moments</li> </ul>
	• •	Promoting empathy and friendships through dramatic pretend play.  Value of using picture play scripts to promote joint play for children with developmental delays.		<ul> <li>Sharing Tiny's secrets for self-regulation</li> </ul>
	• •	critical with developmental delays. Using teacher-directed social training for children with developmental delays Determining appropriate developmental social goals for individual children.		

Content and	1 Ob	Content and Objectives of the Incredible Years® Incredible Beginnings™ Program (Ages 1-5)	Beginnings	тм Рг	rogram (Ages 1-5)
Content	ŏ	Objectives	Content	Objectives	tives
Workshop #5	•	Using transition warnings effectively	Workshop #6	• Red	Reducing commands
The Proactive	•	routines	Positive Behav-	• Pos	Positive, clear limit setting
Teacher	•		ior Management	m dm	Importance of reminders, redirections, and distractions
	• •	Opening circle times with consistent routines	for Toddlers and	• Use	Use of physical redirections
	•		Prescnoolers	• Effe	Effective and planned ignore strategies
	•	Teaching children classroom rules		• Pair	Pairing ignore with distractions
	•	Giving children awards and celebrating success		• Valu	Value of first-then commands
	•	Visual prompts and teaching for following child		• Usir	Using puppets to help children calm down
		care or classroom rules		• Usir	Using calm down strategies
				- m	Importance of positive attention and praise
				• Stra	Strategic use of incentives
				• Unc	Understanding use of differential attention
				• Tea	Teaching children Time Out to calm down
				• Lea	Learning how to teach and practice Time Out to calm down with children
				• Dev	Developing happy places imagery
				• Usir	Using the Calm Down Thermometer
				• Usir	Using teacher-directed play scripts for children with special needs
	_				

### How IY-ASD Differs from Basic IY Parenting Program

IY Basic Preschool Program (3-5 years)	Autism Spectrum and Language Delays Program (2-5 years)
<ol> <li>Strengthening Children's Social Skills, Emotional Regulation and School Readiness</li> <li>Using Praise and Incentives to Encourage Cooperative Behavior</li> <li>Positive Discipline: Rules, Routines &amp; Effective Limit Setting</li> <li>Handling Misbehavior (ignoring, Time Out, consequences and problem-solving)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Increased focus on coaching language development, imitation and sensory routines, social communication, use of pretend play to promote empathy and social skills, and promoting self-regulation skills.</li> <li>Enhanced focus on self-care and building support group.</li> <li>Older (4 to 5 year old) verbal children with conduct problems families can continue with Program 4 of Basic IY program to discus time out and problem solving (not included in IY-ASD program).</li> </ol>
Basic IY Vignettes	New IY-ASD vignettes depict children with ASD. Additional vignettes from Basic IY may be added if parents in the group need more help with behavior management and problem solving.
Program Dosage (18-20 sessions)	(13-14 plus sessions) Increased dosage often needed to adequately cover the material since there are more practices and discussions to tailor the strategies to each unique child.
Group Size: 10-12 parents	Smaller group size: 6-8 parents plus partners or other family members
Group Leader: Knowledgeable in child Development	Group Leader: Knowledgeable and experienced in ASD practice, local ASD-specific supports, and functional behavioral approaches to behavior change.
Key Group Teaching/Learning Methods (behavioral practice, principle building, values exercises, tailoring to meet cultural and developmental issues, home activities)	Increased teaching about ASD and ways to use visual support including picture schedules, choice cards, command and feeling cards; tailoring group practices according to children's communication stage; imitation as a means to gain attention, learning alternative incentives to motivate children with ASD (e.g., sensory activities); more explicit teaching about prompting, use of nonverbal signals, and the functions of behavior and ABCs of behavior change; more practice with use of pretend play and puppet use as well as self-regulation strategies.

Alliance building techniques (collaborative learning, buddy calls, weekly leader support calls, praise to parents, incentives for parents)  Food, transportation, daycare	All standard alliance building techniques apply to this population, but increased efforts to help build families support systems and reduce their stress by working on self-care and promoting weekly buddy calls and peer dates with other parents. Regular emails, texts and calls from group leaders are essential.  No adaptations needed, but essential to offer
	these for this population in order to reduce barriers to participation.
Core model does not offer home visits	Providing home visits to coach parent-child interactions using coach home visit manuals and additional DVD vignettes as needed; use these to make up missed sessions or show additional vignettes
Core model does not address collaboration with educators and other professionals for coordination of care	Coordinate with educators and therapists for developing behavior plans with agreed upon goals for child's target behaviors. Consult with medical providers to understand effects of medical issues on child behavior and parent stress.
Core model suggests use of IY Advance, Child and Teacher Programs for children with diagnoses or very high risk families	<ul> <li>Consider additional IY Programs:</li> <li>Advance Program to teach anger and depression management and problem solving steps</li> <li>Child Social, Emotional and Problem Solving Skills Program ("Dinosaur School") offered alongside parent program</li> <li>Offer follow-up training in the Helping Preschool Children with Autism: Teachers and Parents as Partners Program to help parents learn how to promote positive peer interactions and social communication with 2-3 children.</li> </ul>

### How IY-TCM Differs from Incredible Beginnings Program

IY TCM Program	Incredible Beginnings Program
(3-8 years)	(1-5 years)
<ol> <li>Topics:         <ol> <li>Building Positive Relationships with Students &amp; Proactive Teacher</li> <li>Teacher Attention, Coaching &amp; Praise</li> <li>Motivating Children through Incentives</li> </ol> </li> <li>Decreasing Inappropriate Behaviors:</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Topics:         <ol> <li>Building Positive Relationships with Toddlers &amp; Managing Separation Anxiety</li> <li>Promoting Language Development in Toddlers &amp; in Preschoolers</li> <li>Social Coaching with Toddlers &amp; with Preschoolers</li> <li>Emotion Coaching &amp; Emotional Regulation</li> <li>Proactive Teachers</li> <li>Positive Behavior Management for Toddlers and Preschoolers</li> </ol> </li> <li>Positive Behavior Management for Preschoolers</li> </ol>
Protocols for Preschoolers & School Age	Protocols for Toddlers & Preschoolers  New toddler vignettes depict children 12 months to 3 years. Additional vignettes for preschool age protocol that focus on children with developmental delays and autism
Program Dosage (6 full days)	Program Dosage (6 full days)
Group Size: 12-14 preschool and early school age teachers	12-14 day care providers and preschool teachers
Group Leader: Knowledgeable in child development	Group Leader: Knowledgeable in child development
Key Group Teaching/Learning Methods (behavioral practice, principle building, values exercises, tailoring to meet cultural and developmental issues, classroom activities, self-reflection inventory)	Increased teaching about language delays and ways to use visual supports including picture schedules, choice cards, command and feeling cards; tailoring group practices according to children's communication stage; imitation as a means to gain attention, learning alternative incentives to motivate children with ASD (e.g., sensory activities); more explicit teaching about prompting, use of nonverbal signals, and the functions of behavior and ABCs of behavior change; more practice with use of pretend play and puppet use as well as self-regulation strategies.

Core model addresses collaboration with educators and other professionals for coordination of care	More vignettes provided that demonstrate how teachers can coordinate with other disciplines for developing behavior plans with agreed upon goals for child's target behaviors.
Consider using additional Incredible Beginnings Preschool Vignettes or Preschool Children with Autism: Teachers and Parents as Partners for preschool teachers who have children with developmental delays such as autism and language delays (e.g., use of visual cue cards and coaching peer social communication)	Consider using additional IY TCM Program vignettes for teaching Time Out for children with Oppositional Defiant Disorder and other Consequences.



#### Making use of the "Parent's Thinking Like Scientists" worksheet

The "Parent's Thinking Like Scientists" worksheet is used to help parents formulate goals, generate strategies and solutions, and track progress towards achieving their goals. It can be used by group leaders running Incredible Years groups with multiple parents and/or it can be used by clinicians working one-on-one with parents using the home coaching Incredible Years program.

During the first session with the parent(s), the clinician can introduce this worksheet to parents and explain that this will help them to create or clarify their goals as parents and their goals for their children's behavior. Clinicians can also explain to parents that this worksheet will be helpful for them to track solutions and new ideas for parenting, as well as progress towards their goals.

#### There are two versions of this worksheet:

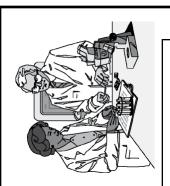
The first version includes child problems, child strengths, and goals.

The second version includes child problems, child strengths, goals, strategies, benefits, obstacles, and ongoing plans. This version can be used throughout the program as parents continue to develop strategies for their goals and solutions to parenting problems. They identify obstacles to achieving their goals and problem solve ways to overcome these obstacles.

Below is an example of each completed form. Clinicians might consider using the shorter version of this form in session one and then as parents start learning strategies for achieving their goals they can use the more detailed form to track new ideas, solutions, and progress towards their goals.



# Parents Thinking Like Scientists



# **Child Problems**

Hyperactivity

Not doing well in school

## Goals

I want my child to be able to stay focused and on task, particularly in school

# **Child Strengths**

Big imagination

Likes playing sports





# Parents Thinking Like Scientists

# **Child Problems**

Hyperactivity

Not doing well in school

### Goals

stay focused and on task in school want my child to be able to

## Strategies

**Obstacles** 

**Benefits** 

Persistence use persistence help Billy stay on task with at home to coaching

the teacher at I am going to chart for days school about use a reward gets a good report from that Billy

**Child Strengths** 

Likes to play

sports

magination

Great

chores.

## am going to

coaching is free and something frequently. l can do and household homework

staying on task.

Billy and stands a good chance motivating for reward chart will be extra I think the

with extra time of helping him improve his reward him focus. I can for playing sports!

(thoughts, feelings, behavior in self & others)

even on tough I will need to do this kind consistently, of coaching days.

It may be hard husband on to get my board

are motivating I need to find rewards that

with his teacher communicate about this. I need to



## **Ongoing Plans**

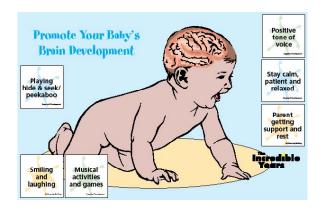
coaching daily. persistence I will use

two to three weeks and evaluate if it is system and give it reward chart and I will explain the working.

husband and my child's teacher. I will share my plans with my







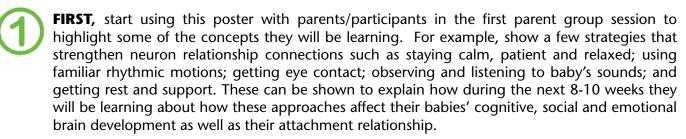
#### **HOW TO USE THE BABY BRAIN POSTER**

This poster features a large image of a baby crawling and has Velcro siding in order to attach 48 different neurons. The attachable neurons with text are categorized into three different color coded categories reflecting methods by which parents can strengthen neuron connections used for building language and cognitive development, social and emotional development. This poster is used by IY group leaders to explain to parents the many ways they can encourage the development of their babies' brain.

#### Examples of ways to build baby's language, cognitive, social, and emotional development:

#### Language & Cognitive Development **Social & Emotional Development** reading books consistency of responses providing visual stimulation learning baby's cry signals tactile stimulation such as rocking playing hide and seek massaging and swaddling predictable routines baby aerobics staying calm gentle touching being playful musical activities mirroring baby's actions praising & doing the reciprocal tango dance singing love songs and rhymes describing objects and actions speaking parentese mirroring baby's sounds

#### HERE ARE A FEW WAYS THE BABY BRAIN POSTER AND NEURONS CAN BE USED:





**SECOND**, when showing video vignettes and leading discussion of the benefits of the parent's approaches for their babies' development, pull out participant's principles and reward their insights by giving them a neuron which reflects their idea. This neuron can be added to the baby brain poster. For example, in the session entitled "Babies as Intelligent Language Learners," when a parent comments on the high-pitched, melodic, positive tone of voice used by parents on the video vignettes, give her the "speaking parent-ese" or "positive tone of voice" neuron and talk about how talking to babies in this way not only enhances baby's language but also conveys a feeling of caring, love and safety. Help them to understand that eventually the baby will learn to respond with similar feelings by giving them a smile back. Or, in the same session when showing the vignette where the parent imitates the baby's cooing noises and waits for the baby to repeat the sound, pull out the "mirroring" neuron and talk about how imitation affects babies' language and social interaction learning through observations of parents' responses. If parents come up with an insight that is not covered on any of the 48 neurons, the group leader can use one of the blank neurons and write the idea on it and add to the poster.



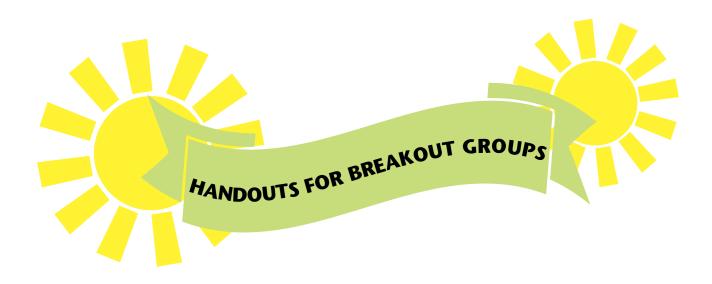
**THIRD**, use the poster to summarize what has been learned in that group's session. For example, at the end of the session, on the topic "Providing Physical, Tactile, and Visual Stimulation," pull out the neurons covered such as baby aerobics, baby proofing, cuddling, visual stimulation, rocking, reading, reciprocal tango dance and being playful to summarize what they have learned to promote physical development as well as creating an environment where the baby feels safe, secure and loved.

The baby poster can be used in every parent group session as a way to highlight how influential parents are in sculpting and scaffolding babies' immature brains and strengthening important neuron connections in the first year of life. Parents will learn that their responsive, consistent, nurturing and predictable interactions are helping to create a strong brain foundation and are as important to a child's development as feeding or changing a child's diaper. Without these repetitive and loving parenting approaches in response to their baby's subtle cues, research has shown that babies won't grow, gain weight, or achieve normal physical and emotional developmental milestones. These crucial early life experiences with parents are laying down baby brain pathways that form the basis for later maturation of healthy social, emotional and language development. In the book *Incredible Babies* (that is given to the parents receiving this program), neuron images are spread throughout all the chapters to emphasize this idea.

**DEFINITIONS:** A neuron is an electrically excitable cell that processes and transmits information through electrical and chemical signals. The signals connect from one neuron to another via synapses. There are sensory neurons which respond to touch, sound, light and other stimuli which then send signals to the brain. There are also motor neurons that receive signals from the brain and cause muscle contractions.



Since babies have over 10 billion neurons at birth, each of which can make 100,000 connections, parents play an important role in strengthening the most important connections that will last over time.



- Each set of handouts includes one Gems form. There will be extra copies available in each of the break out rooms.
- Utilize the applicable Process Checklist (Parent, Teacher, or Child) if your group is conducting a reliability review.





### Incredible Years Coaching and Mentoring Gems



Date Group Leade	r(s) Coach/Mentor
Program: Parent Teacher	Child Video viewed? Topic Date for next meeting
Fidelity Issues Discussed:	Group leader prior goals reviewed:  Incredible Group Leaders Spotlight Positive Behaviors
Attendance	
Participant evaluations	
Home activities engagement	
Principles	Group leader goals for group DVD review:
Mediating vignettes & Number	
Role play/practices/ buzzes & Number	
Participant goals	
Tailoring to needs	
Weekly calls	
Session checklists	Issue problem solved and practiced:
Peer & self-evaluation forms	
Group process checklists	
Self-reflection inventories	
Accreditation/ Certification	
Coaching evaluation	Summary of Key Learning:



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## Incredible Years Coaching and Mentoring Gems



New Goals and Plans:		
Coach/Mentor Actions:		
covery rection rections.		
Additional Notes:		



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#### Parent Group Leader Collaborative Process Checklist

This checklist is designed for group leaders to complete together following a session, or for a group leader to complete for him/herself when reviewing a video of a session. By watching the video of a session and looking for the following points, a leader can identify specific goals for progress. This checklist is designed to complement the checklist for the specific session, which lists the key content that should be covered.

Leader Self-Evaluation (name):			
Co-leader Evaluation:			
Certified Trainer/Mentor Evaluation:			
Date:			
Session Topic:			
SET UP Did the Leaders:	YES	NO	N/A
<ol> <li>Set up chairs in a semicircle that allowed everyone to see the TV? (Avoid tables.)</li> </ol>			
2. Sit at separate places in the circle, rather than both at the front?			
3. Write the agenda on the board?			
4. Have last week's home activities ready for the parents to pick up, complete with praise and encouragement written on them?			
5. Plan and prepare for daycare in advance?			
6. Prepare and lay out the food, in an attractive manner?			
REVIEW PARENT'S HOME ACTIVITIES Did the Leader:			
7. Begin the discussion by asking how home activities went during this past week?			
8. Give every parent the chance to talk about his/her week?			
9. Praise and encourage parents for what they did well and recognize their beginning steps at change, rather than correct their process?			
10. Highlight key "principles" that their examples illustrate? (e.g., write them on flip chart or paraphrase idea.)			
11. Explore with individuals who didn't complete the home activities what made it difficult (barriers) and discuss how they might adapt home activities to fit their needs and goals?			

	YES	NO	N/A
12. Ask about and encourage "buddy calls"?			
13. If a parent's description of how they applied the skills makes it clear that s/he misunderstood, did the leaders accept responsibility for the misunderstanding rather than leaving the parent feeling responsible for the failure? (e.g., "I'm really glad you shared that, because I see I completely forgot to tell you a really important point last week. You couldn't possibly have known, but when you do that, it's important to" vs "You misunderstood the assignment. Remember, when you do that, it's important to")			
14. Make sure that the discussion is brought back to the specific topic at hand after a reasonable time without letting free flowing discussion of other issues dominate?			
15. Limit the home activity discussion (aprroximately 20-30 minutes) to give adequate time for new learning?			
WHEN BEGINNING THE TOPIC FOR THE DAY Did the Leader:			
16. Begin the discussion of the topic with open-ended questions to get parents to think about the importance of the topic?			
17. Do the benefits and/or barriers exercise regarding the new topic?			
18. Paraphrase and highlight the points made by parents - write key points on the board with their name?			
WHEN SHOWING THE VIGNETTES Did the Leader:			
19. Focus parents on what they are about to see on the vignettes and what to look for?			
20. Begin by asking an open-ended question about what parents thought was effective/ineffective in the vignette?			
21. Acknowledge responses one or more parents have to a vignette?			
22. Paraphrase and highlight the points made my parents - writing key points on the board?			
23. Move on to the next vignettes after key points have been discussed, rather than let the discussion go on at length?			
24. Use vignettes to trigger appropriate discussions and/or practices?			
25. Redirect group to the relevance of the interaction on the vignette for their own lives (if parents become distracted by some aspect of the vignette, such as clothing or responses that seem phony)?			
26. Refer to parents' goals for themselves and their children when discussing vignettes and learning principles?			

	ACTICE AND ROLE PLAYS of the Leader:	YES	NO	N/A
27.	Get parents to switch from talking about strategies in general to using the words they could actually use? (e.g., from "She should be more specific" to "She could say, John, you need to put the puzzle pieces in the box.")			
28.	Ensure that the skill to be practiced has been covered in the vignettes or discussion prior to asking someone to role play it. (This ensures the likelihood of success.)			
29.	Do several planned role plays over the course of the session? Number of role plays:			
30.	Do role plays in pairs or small groups that allow multiple people to practice simultaneously?			
31.	Use all of the following skills when directing role plays:			
	a. Select parents and give them appropriate roles?			
	b. Skillfully get parents engaged in role plays?			
	c. Provide each person with a description of his/her role (age of child, level of misbehavior)?			
	d. Provide enough "scaffolding" so that parents are successful in their role as "parent" (e.g., get other parents to generate ideas for how to handle the situation before practice begins)?			
	e. Invite other workshop members to be "coaches" (call out idea if the actor is stuck)?			
	f. Pause/freeze role play periodically to redirect, give clarification, or reinforce participants?			
	g. Take responsibility for having given poor instructions if role play is not successful and allow actor to rewind and replay?			
32.	Process role playing afterwards by asking how "parent" felt and asking group to give feedback?			
33.	Process role play by asking how "child" felt in role?			
34.	Solicit feedback from group about strengths of parent in role?			
35.	Offer detailed descriptive praise of the role play and what was learned?			
36.	Re-run role play, changing roles or involving different parents (not always needed, but helpful to do for a parent who needs modeling by someone else first)?			

LEADER GROUP PROCESS SKILLS Did the Leader:	YES	NO	N/A
37. Build rapport with each member of group?			
38. Encourage everyone to participate?			
39. Use open-ended questions to facilitate discussion?			
40. Reinforce parents' ideas and foster parents' self-learning?			
41. Encourage parents to problem-solve when possible?			
42. Foster idea that parents will learn from each others' experiences?			
43. Help parents learn how to support and reinforce each other?			
44. View every member of group as equally important and valued?			
45. Identify each family's strengths?			
46. Create a feeling of safety among group members?			
47. Create an atmosphere where parents feel they are decision-makers and discussion and debate are paramount?			
ENDING GROUP - REVIEW & HOME ACTIVITIES  Did the Leader:			
48. Begin the ending process with about 15 minutes remaining?			
49. Summarize this session's learning? (One way to do this is to review or have the parents review each point on refrigerator notes out loud.)			
50. Review or have parents review the home activity sheet, including why it is important, and how they will try to do it?			
51. Talk about any adaptations to the home activity for particular families?			
52. Show support and acceptance if parents can't commit to all the home activities? (Support realistic plans.)			
53. Have parents complete the Self-Monitoring Checklist and commit to goals for the week?			
54. Check in on buddy calls?			
55. Have parents complete the evaluation form?			
56. End the session on time?			

REMEMBER: The goal in the group sessions should be to draw from the parents the information and ideas to teach each other. They should be the ones who generate the principles, describe the significance, highlight what was effective and ineffective on the video, and demonstrate how to implement the skills in different situations. People are far more likely to put into practice what they talk about than what they hear about.

**Summary Comments:** 





#### Teacher Group Leader Collaborative Process Checklist for Workshops

This checklist is designed for group leaders to complete together following a teacher workshop, or for a group leader to complete for him/herself when reviewing a DVD of a workshop. By watching the video of a workshop, and looking for the following points, a leader can identify specific goals for progress. This checklist is designed to complement the protocol for the specific workshop day, which lists the key content and vignettes that should be covered for that workshop.

Leader Self-Evaluation (name):			
Co-leader Evaluation:			
Certified Trainer/Mentor Evaluation:			
Date:			
SET UP	YES	NO	N/A
Did the Leaders:			
<ol> <li>Set up the chairs in a semicircle that allowed everyone to see each other and the TV? (avoid tables)</li> </ol>			
2. If 2 leaders, sit at separate places in the circle, rather than both at the front?			
3. Write the agenda on the board?			
4. Have handouts and practice activities ready for the teachers to pickup.			
REVIEW TEACHERS' PRACTICE OR HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENTS			
Did the Leaders:			
5. Begin the discussion by asking teachers to share their experiences doing the assigned activities since the last training workshop? (Some example open-ended questions the leader can ask are included in the manual at the beginning of each workshop	.)		
6. Give every teacher the chance to talk about practice assignments, success with implementing behavior plans, parent involvement plans, and assigned chapter readings?			
7. Praise efforts teachers made to try out new strategies, implement behavior plans and involve parents?			
8. Highlight key principles that their examples illustrate?			
(e.g., "That sounds great! You focused on his positive behavior. You described his calming feelings and patience with the task so clearly. How do you think he responded to that?")			

#### Leader Collaborative Process Checklist, Continued REVIEW TEACHERS' PRACTICE OR HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENTS, Continued Did the Leaders: 9. Explore with teachers who didn't complete the practice assignments what made it difficult, and learn how practice assignments can be made more meaningful or practical? (e.g., "What made it difficult to get time to do the readings?" or, "What made it hard to follow through on your behavior plan?" or, "What made it difficult to contact parents?") 10. If a teacher's description of how they applied the skills makes it clear that he/she misunderstood or found it difficult, did the leaders accept responsibility for the misunderstanding or normalize the difficulty, rather than leave the teacher feeling responsible for the failure? (e.g., "I'm really glad you shared that, because I see I completely forgot to tell you a really important point last week. You couldn't possibly have known, but when you do that, it's important to..." or, "I agree emotion coaching is really difficult and like learning a new language. It takes a lot of practice to learn.") 11. Allow for some discussion of issues beyond the immediate topic at hand? (e.g., other concerns with students not related to today's topic, or non-teaching issues that are of concern such as time constraints, how to deal with other teachers' responses, personal stressors.) 12. Make sure that the discussion is brought back to the specific topic at hand after a reasonable time, without letting off task discussion of other issues dominate? WHEN BEGINNING THE TOPIC FOR THE DAY YES NO N/ADid the Leaders: 13. Begin the discussion of the topic with open-ended questions to get teachers to think about the importance of the topic? (Some example open-ended questions the leader can ask are included in the manual at the beginning of each workshop.) 14. Paraphrase and highlight the points made by teachers – writing key points or principles on the board? WHEN SHOWING THE VIGNETTES YES NO N/ADid the Leaders: 15. Before showing vignette, focus teachers by telling them what they will see (e.g., age of child, situation) and what you want them to watch for (e.g., "In the next vignette we will see a little girl who has ADHD and wanders around the room. Think about how you would respond to this situation in your classroom.")?

Leader Collaborative Process Checklist, Continued			
WHEN SHOWING THE VIGNETTES, Continued	YES	NO	N/A
Did the Leaders:			
16. When showing vignette, pause scene periodically to discuss skills used by teacher, or how student or teacher is feeling, or predict what teachers would do next in their classroom?			
17. When vignette ends, ask open-ended questions to teachers about what they thought was effective/ineffective in the vignette? (Some example open-ended questions the leader can ask are included in the manual after each vignette.)			
18. Acknowledge responses one or more teachers have to a vignette?			
(For example, if a teacher laughs during a vignette, as soon as the tape stops the leader may say, "Sue, you laughed at that one." Then pause and let the teacher share her impressions.)			
19. Paraphrase and highlight the points made by teachers – writing key points or "principles" on the board?			
20. Help teachers see how principles learned from vignettes apply to their classroom or specific students?			
21. Move on to the next vignettes after key points have been discussed, rather than let discussion go on at length?			
22. Allow for discussion following every vignette? (If vignettes are played one after another, teachers may not catch the key points illustrated. Additionally, they won't have an opportunity to process emotional reactions they may have to vignettes or pull out key principles.) IF group is clearly behind schedule, it is okay for such discussions to be brief, getting one or two teachers to highlight key points and moving on.			
23. Use vignettes to promote alternative ideas for responding to situations and to replay practice role plays using their ideas?			
24. Help group see "principles" from a developmental perspective (i.e., how the teacher's strategy on the vignette would be adapted for a toddler, preschool child or older, school-age child)?			
25. Help teachers understand how the concepts/principles they are learning are related to their own goals for themselves and their students?			
PRACTICE AND DIRECTING ROLE PLAYS	YES	NO	N/A
Did the Leaders:			
26. Ensure that the skill to be practiced has been covered in the vignettes or discussion prior to asking someone to role play and act out ideas? (This ensures the likelihood of success.)			

Leader Collaborative Process Checklist, Continued			
27. Do several spontaneous role play practices that are derived from teachers' descriptions of what happened in their classroom? ("Show me what that looks like.")			
28. Do frequent planned role plays, practices or buzzes over the course of the workshop day?			
29. Do one or more role plays in pairs or small groups that allow multiple teachers to practice simultaneously?			
<ul><li>30. Use all of the following skills when directing role plays:</li><li>a. Select teachers strategically to be teacher or student?</li><li>b. Skillfully get teachers engaged in role plays which address their goals and questions?</li></ul>			
c. Provide each teacher or student (in role) with a script of his/her role (age of child, teacher skill to be practiced, student level of misbehavior)?			
<ul><li>d. Provide enough "scaffolding" so that teachers are successful in role as "teacher" (e.g., get other teachers to generate ideas for how to handle the situation before practice begins)?</li><li>e. Invite other workshop members to be "coaches," (to call out ideas if the actor is stuck)?</li></ul>			
f. Pause/freeze role play periodically to redirect, give clarification, get other ideas, or reinforce and encourage participants?			
g. Take responsibility for having given poor instructions if role play is not successful and allow actor to rewind and replay?		-	
31. Debrief with each participant afterwards ("How did that feel?" "as teacher?" and "as student?")?			
32. Solicit feedback from group about strengths of teacher in role?			
33. Re-run role play, changing roles or involving different teachers (not always needed, but helpful to do for teachers who need modeling by someone else first because they find the skill difficult)	?		
COMPLETE INDIVIDUAL BEHAVIOR PLANS  Did the Leaders:	YES	NO	N/A
34. Break up into groups (6-7) to do behavior plans – based on the principles and content discussed in that workshop?			
35 Review refine and share behavior plans for students?			

PARENT INVOLVEMENT	YES NO	N/A	
Did the Leaders:			
36. Review letter to be sent to parents to describe and enhance students' learning at home? (See Teacher-to-Parent Communication letters in manual and website:	on		
http://www.incredibleyears.com/TeacherResources/index.asp).			
37. Discuss methods to teach or partner with parents (e.g., telephone calls, parent meetings) around students' learning needs?			
REVIEW BLACKBOARD NOTES, PRACTICE OR HOMEWORK ACTIVITIES AND WRAP UP	YES	NO	N/A
Did the Leaders:			
38. Begin the ending process with about 15 minutes remaining?			
39. Ask teachers to do workshop "self-reflection inventory" and set goals for next month (see handouts section of manual and website: http://www.incredibleyears.com/Resources/TP.asp)?			
40. Review or have teachers review each point on blackboard notes out loud, commenting on why this point is important?			
41. Review or have teachers review the practice activity sheet, including why that is important, and whether and how they will try to do it?			
42. Have teachers complete the workshop evaluation form?			
43. End the workshop on time? Remind of next meeting time? Discuss follow up between workshop planned?			
44. Call, e-mail or text teachers between workshops to check in about goals, strategies tried, behavior plans and any barriers. Encourage and praise teacher efforts? (See Teacher buzz forms on website: http://www.incredibleyears.com/Resources/TP.asp)			
45. Set up classroom observations and personal feedback in schools by group leaders or IY coach?			

REMEMBER: Your goal in the workshops should be to draw from the teachers the information and ideas to teach each other. Teachers should be the ones who generate the principles, describe the significance, highlight what was effective and ineffective on the DVDs, and demonstrate how to implement the skills in different situations. Teachers are far more likely to put into practice what they talk about and practice with support than what they hear about.



#### Therapist/Child Small Group Therapy Process Checklist Dina Dinosaur School

This checklist is designed for group leaders/therapists to complete together following a session, or for a group leader to complete for him/herself when reviewing DVD of a group session. By watching the video of a session, and looking for the following points, a leader can identify specific goals for progress.

Leac	der (name): Date:			
Sess	ion Number:Topic:			
Cert	ified Trainer Evaluation (name):			
ROC	OM SETUP	YES	NO	N/A
Did	the Therapist/Group Leader:			
<ol> <li>2.</li> </ol>	Set up the chairs (or carpet squares) in a semicircle that allowed everyone to see the TV? (name tags for first sessions) Sit on either side of the TV and flip chart?	)		
3.	Have chips in visible and accessible spot?			
•	(sticker basket, prize box, chip cups with names)			
4.	Have dinosaur schedule posted?			
5.	Have healthy snack prepared?			
6.	Have session materials ready?			
	(home activities manual, cue cards, DVDs, prizes, puppets, stickers, rules poster, dina poster for coloring in total of chips earned each week, art supplies, markers and flip chart, TV & DVD Player, helper list, give me five card)			
Civ	cle Time			
REV	TIEW CHILDREN'S HOME ACTIVITIES & STARTING CLE TIME DISCUSSIONS	YES	NO	N/A
Did	the Therapist/Group Leader:			
7.	Have puppets arrive and greet children in a predictable and enthusiastic manner (e.g. "One, two, three, Dina!" or a greeting song?)			
8.	Begin the discussion with brief review of home activities and ask what skills children remembered to use during the week.			
9.	Give every child the chance to share?			
10.	Enthusiastically praise whatever effort children made this weeks	?		
11.	Applaud successes and give stamps or stickers for home activi	ty?		

12.	EW CHILDREN'S HOME ACTIVITIES, Continued  Explore with children who didn't complete the home activities what made it difficult and challenge them to a new goal for this week? Can do this individually during coached play time.	YES	NO 	N/A 
13.	Have puppets talk about their issues/problems that week and things they need help with?			
14.	Establish individual goals/ personal challenges for individual children?			
15.	Review learning from prior session?			
WHI	EN PRESENTING THE NEW LEARNING IN CIRCLE TIME	YES	NO	N/A
Did	the Therapist/Group Leader:			
16.	Begin the discussion of the topic with open-ended questions to prompt children to think about the importance of the topic? (e.g. What are some rules for the class? Or what are some friendly behaviors?)			
17.	Work to include all children in the discussion?			
18.	Paraphrase and highlight the points made by children? (Reinforce their ideas by having them role-play or demonstrate, hold a cue card, or give them chips and praise for their ideas.)			
19.	Use puppets in lively and enthusiastic way as active participants in entire session?			
20.	Co-leader attends to group process by giving frequent verbal and nonverbal praise, nods, thumbs up for paying attention, participating with answers, helping others, etc.?			
21.	Uses picture cue cards as prompts to reinforce new behaviors being taught?			
22.	Use a style that is playful, engaging, fun, and paced at children's level of attention?			
23.	Present clearly and model new behavior with puppets and. role plays?			
24.	Actively involve children by letting them hold cue cards, pause DVD, use smaller puppets, give out snacks, be line leader, etc.?			
25.	Provide legitimate opportunities for active children to move and stretch? (e.g., Group stretch break or wiggle space for a particular child.)			
26.	Set up activities during circle time such as songs, games, large group bingo, feeling dice, large turtle shell, pass the hat, practicing skill with puppets?			
27.	Take time to acknowledge disappointment at not being called upon? Provide children with coping strategies to manage this? (e.g. Self-pat on the back or "maybe next time.)			
28.	Take a group snack break and reinforce social behavior. Encourage children to share interests and experiences. Perhaps use puppets to model listening, asking questions, sharing.			

WHE	N SHOWING THE VIGNETTES	YES	NO	N/A
Num	ber of vignettes shown:			
	the Therapist/Group Leader: Focus children's attention before showing vignette? Give them a specific behavior or emotion to watch for?			
30.	Pause longer vignettes at least once to ask questions about segments of the vignette and to predict what happens next?			
31.	Begin by asking an open-ended question to children about what they thought was happening in the vignette?			
32.	Acknowledge, praise and non-verbally acknowledge children who are focused on a vignette?			
33.	Move on to the next vignettes after key points have been discussed? Pace material to maintain children's interest?			
34.	Allow for discussion following each vignette? (If vignettes are played one after another, children may not catch the key points illustrated. Additionally, they won't have an opportunity to process emotional reactions they may have to vignettes.  IF children are distracted vignette may need to be replayed.)			
35. 36.	Use vignette scene to prompt a role play/practice of the skill viewed on the DVD? When setting up role play, select student strategically and coach them with script of prosocial behavior to practice.  Demonstrate and explain small group activity before leaving			
	large circle discussion?			
ROLL	PLAYS	YES	NO	N/A
Num	ber of role plays done in session:			
Did	the Therapist/GroupLeader:			
37.	Have children practice new concepts in circle time through puppet plays and role plays?			
38.	Role plays are set up to practice positive—not negative—behaviors and are strategically set up according to children's behavior goals to promote a high rate of engagement?			
39.	Role plays are carefully set up to help children be successful? (e.g. providing the words that they will say, prompting a behavior, setting up role play with a child and a puppet so that puppet can			
C1 4 4	help guide the practice.)	VEC	NO	<b>A</b> 1/ <b>A</b>
	LL GROUP PRACTICE ACTIVITIES	YES	NO	N/A
	the Therapist/GroupLeader:			
40.	Plan small group activity or game to reinforce new learning? (e.g. cooperative art activity, feeling game, blocks, play dough, art activity, bingo, pass the hat, visualization)			
41.	Prepare small group activity materials ahead of time to minimize children's waiting time during transition from circle time to small group activity?			

42.	Participate in small group activity using acadmic, persistence, social and emotional coaching, prompting children to use new skills and praising newly taught skills when they occur?			
SMA	LL GROUP PRACTICE ACTIVITIES, CONTINUED	YES	NO	N/A
Did	the Therapist/GroupLeader:			
43.	Promote reading skills by associating printed work with language?			
44.	Promote writing skills by taking dictations, writing words to be			
	copied and reinforcing children's beginning attempts to write?			
45.	Provide children with time for less structured peer play with			
	legos, trains, dress-up materials, play dough, etc., and coach			
	social interactions and problem solving during this time?			
46.	Give as much time to small group activities as to circle time discussions?			
47.	Make adaptations in small group activities in order to be			
	developmentally appropriate for every child?			
BEH/	AVIOR MANAGEMENT AND RELATIONSHIP BUILDING SKILLS	YES	NO	N/A
(DUI	RING ALL SEGMENTS)			
Did	the Therapist/GroupLeader:			
48.	Build relationship with individual children by asking personal			
	questions about their experiences, listening to their stories			
	using child's name, responding to them uniquely?			
49.	Create a feeling of safety in the group?			
50.	Promote optimism and show belief in children's ability to			
<i>-</i> 1	learn and be successful?			
51.	Use physical touch (back rubs, hugs, lap time) appropriately?			
52.	Share aspects of self when appropriate (e.g. something about their families or a mistake they made)			
53.	Use proximal praise and labeled praise for prosocial behavior?			
54.	Avoid making critical or negative statements about children's			
J 1.	behavior?			
55.	Act in a fun, playful and engaging way with children?			
56.	Show respect, warmth and calmness with children?			
57.	Involve children actively in learning through games, activities,			
	stories, fantasy?			
58.	Use songs and movement activities strategically when children			
	need to move or have a break?			
59.				
	bringing out and saying goodbye to puppets, transitioning			
60	to snack time or small group activities, saying goodbye?			
60.	Ignore targeted misbehaviors or attention seeking behaviors? (blurting out, off seat)			
61.	Use Time Out appropriately, for aggressive behavior or			
· · ·	repeated noncompliance?			
	Number of Time Outs given:			

62.	Use redirects and distractions to re-engage children who are off-task?			
63.	Use warnings for disruptive behavior? (Warnings should let children know what will happen if they do not comply. If noncompliance continues, therapists should follow through with consequence.)			
64.	Praise and give rewards (chips, hand stamps, stickers) to			
υ <del>1</del> .	individual children who are following rules and showing			
	appropriate behaviors?			
65.	Use team incentive approach?			
66.	Use emotion coaching?			
67.	Use social coaching?			
68.	Use academic and persistence coaching?			
69.	Respond to individual and group developmental needs?			
02.	(Change pace if children are restless, modify activities and questions depending on children's skill, adjust circle time			
	content and length to children's attentions span and level of engagement.)			
70.	Prepare for transitions to new activities effectively? (visual or auditory cues)			
71.	Give clear and simple directions and model expected behavior?			
72.	Minimize amount of waiting time for children?			
73.	Attend to and reinforce appropriate behavior much more often			
	than attending to inappropriate behavior?			
REVI	EW HOME ACTIVITIES AND WRAP UP	YES	NO	N/A
Did	the Therapist/GroupLeader:			
74.	Begin the wrap up process with about 15 minutes remaining?			
75.	Review Detective Home Activity for the week?			
76.	Have children count chips and trade in for prizes?			
77.	Conduct compliment circle time?			
78.	Meet with the parents?			
79.	End the session on time?		·	
СНІІ	DREN'S RESPONSES	YES	NO	N/A
80.	Children appeared engaged and on-task during session?	ILS	740	N/A
81.	Children were enjoying themselves during activities?			
82.	Children were involved in asking questions, role plays and			
02.	suggesting ideas?			
ΙΕΑΓ	DER COLLABORATION	YES	NO	N/A
	the Therapist/GroupLeader:	723	7.0	71,71
83.	Did the two leaders have clear, complementary roles in each			
05.	PIG GIO CITO ICUGCIO HUTO CICUI, COHIDICHICHICHICH I FOCO III CUCH			
	·			
	of the different activities? (take turns leading content and focusing on process)			

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	attending to different roles with children?			
85.	Are leaders implementing behavior plans for children targeted			
	with special needs?			
86.	Are leaders talking to parents about dinosaur home activities			
	and about how they can reinforce children's learning at home?			
	ERENCE TO SESSION PROTOCOLS AND CONTENT	YES	NO	N/A
	the Therapist/GroupLeader:			
87.	Followed session protocols for session?			
88.	Knowledgeable about content to be presented to children?			
89.	Showed the appropriate number of vignettes for age and temperament of children?			
90.	Modifications or adaptations were made when necessary to			
	help keep children actively engaged and successful with activities?			
Sum	REMEMBER: Your goal in the group sessions of draw from the children the information and is with each other. They should be given plenty opportunities to practice new behaviors.   Mary Comments:	deas t		
Cano	didate has satisfied video requirements for certification: Ye	es	No	

Session Reviewed by: \_\_\_\_\_

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\_Date:\_\_\_\_\_



#### Teacher Child Group Process Checklist Dina Dinosaur School in the Classroom

This checklist is designed for teachers to complete (with co-teachers) following a daily lesson plan. By looking for the following points, a teacher can identify specific goals for progress. This checklist is designed to complement the lesson plans for the specific sessions, which list the key content that should be presented, practiced, and promoted throughout the week. It is recommended that a teacher videotape the lesson and small group activity and review afterwards using this checklist.

reac	ther Self-Evaluation (name):			
Co-t	eacher Evaluation:			
Cert	ified Trainer/Mentor Evaluation:			
Date	e:			
ROC	OM SETUP	YES	NO	N/A
Did	the teachers:			
1.	Have children sit in a semicircle that allows everyone to see the TV and each other?			
2.	Post rules on wall so children can see them?			
3.	Have materials ready?			
	(handouts, cue cards, DVDs cued up, activities/manuals prepared)			
4.	Convey enthusiasm about the lesson?			
5.	Show they had a predictable time on the schdule for Dinosaur School?			
Sta	rting the Circle Time Discussions	YES	NO	N/A
	_	TES	NO	N/A
	the teachers:			
6.	Have puppets arrive and greet children in a predictable enthusiastic manner (e.g. "One, two, three, Dina!" or a greeting song)?			
7.	Begin the lesson with an issue related to the day's topic?			
8.	Establish individual or group goals/personal challenges for students?			
9.	Review learning from prior lesson by asking children for times during the week when they were able to practice what they learned in Dinosaur School?			
Wh	en Presenting the New Learning for the Day	YES	NO	N/A
Did	the teachers:			
10.	Begin the discussion of the topic with open-ended questions to prompt children to think about the importance of the topic (e.g., what are some rules for the class? Or what are some friendly behaviors?)?			

increu	ible rears' 2015 mentor meeting ketreut and ketnurge			
11.	Work to engage less verbal students in discussion?			
12.	Paraphrase and highlight the points made by children?			
13.	Use puppets as active participants of the entire session?			
14.	Attend to group process by giving frequent verbal and			
	nonverbal praise, nods, thumbs up for paying attention,			
15.	helping others, etc.?			
13.	Attend to group process through selective use of ignore when appropriate?			
16.	Use picture cue cards as prompts to reinforce new behaviors			
	being taught?			
17.	Use a style that is playful, engaging, fun, and paced at			
	children's level of attention?			
18.	Present clearly and model new behavior with puppets and			
	role plays?			
19.	Actively involve children by letting them hold cue cards,			
20	pause tape, use smaller puppets, etc.?			
20.	Provide legitimate opportunities for active children to move			
	and stretch (e.g., group stretch break or wiggle space for a particular child or music activity)?			
21.	Respond to group and individual developmental needs			
	(e.g., change pace if children are restless and modify			
	activities and questions depending on a particular child's			
	skill)?			
22.	Work to address communication issues created by language			
	barriers?			
23.	Adapt content to be sensitive to children's culture or to			
24	special issues relevant for the particular class of students?			
24.	Incorporate translator in planning when possible?			
25.	Adjust length of circle time to reflect children's attention span and level of engagement?			
26.	Follow the lesson plans?			
۷٠.	Tollow the lesson plans:			
Wh	en Showing the Vignettes	YES	NO	N/A
	the teachers:			
27.	Focus children's attention before showing vignettes?			
	Give them a specific behavior or emotion to watch for?			
28.	Pause longer vignettes at least once to ask questions about			
	about segments rather than waiting until the end of the			
20	vignette? Ask about character feelings and what htey will do n	ext?		
29.	Begin by asking children about what they thought was			
30.	happening in the vignette?			
30. 31.	Acknowledge and praise children's responses to a vignette? When appropriate, praise or nonverbally acknowledge			
٠١٠	children who are focused on the vignette?			

32.	Take time to acknowledge disappointment at not being called upon (e.g., self-pat on the back, expression of "oh man")?			
33.	Paraphrase and highlight the points made by children?			
34.	Move on to the next vignettes after key points have been discussed and practiced? Pace material to maintain children's in	nterest?		
35.	Allow for discussion following each vignette? If children are distracted, vignette may need to be replayed.			
36.	Make sure that children are attending when vignette is shown?			
37.	Use vignette to prompt a role play/practice with children? When setting up role play practice select student strategically and coach them with a script of behaviors to practice?			
38.	Have children practice the actual behaviors being taught through puppet plays, role plays, live plays, and peer-coached plays?			
39.	Adjust number of vignettes shown according to age and attention span of students?			
40.	Demonstrate and explain small group activity before leaving large circle discussion?			
Sm	all Group Activities	YES	NO	N/A
	all Group Activities the teachers:	YES	NO	N/A
	the teachers:  Plan small group activity to reinforce new content learned (e.g., cooperative art activity, feeling game, blocks, play	YES	NO 	N/A 
Did	the teachers: Plan small group activitiy to reinforce new content learned	YES	NO	N/A 
<b>Did</b> 41.	the teachers:  Plan small group activity to reinforce new content learned (e.g., cooperative art activity, feeling game, blocks, play dough, bingo, pass the hat, visualization)?  Prepare small group activity materials and set out on tables		NO	N/A 
<b>Did</b> 41.	the teachers:  Plan small group activity to reinforce new content learned (e.g., cooperative art activity, feeling game, blocks, play dough, bingo, pass the hat, visualization)?  Prepare small group activity materials and set out on tables ahead of time to minimize children's waiting time?  Participate in small group activity using academic, persistence, social and emotional coaching, prompting children		NO	N/A 
<b>Did</b> 41. 42. 43.	the teachers:  Plan small group activity to reinforce new content learned (e.g., cooperative art activity, feeling game, blocks, play dough, bingo, pass the hat, visualization)?  Prepare small group activity materials and set out on tables ahead of time to minimize children's waiting time?  Participate in small group activity using academic, persistence, social and emotional coaching, prompting children to use new skills and praising newly taught skills when they occar		NO	N/A
<b>Did</b> 41. 42. 43.	the teachers:  Plan small group activity to reinforce new content learned (e.g., cooperative art activity, feeling game, blocks, play dough, bingo, pass the hat, visualization)?  Prepare small group activity materials and set out on tables ahead of time to minimize children's waiting time?  Participate in small group activity using academic, persistence, social and emotional coaching, prompting children to use new skills and praising newly taught skills when they occur		NO	N/A
<b>Did</b> 41. 42. 43. 44. 45.	Plan small group activity to reinforce new content learned (e.g., cooperative art activity, feeling game, blocks, play dough, bingo, pass the hat, visualization)?  Prepare small group activity materials and set out on tables ahead of time to minimize children's waiting time?  Participate in small group activity using academic, persistence, social and emotional coaching, prompting children to use new skills and praising newly taught skills when they occur use labeled praise for prosocial behaviors?  Use "dialogic reading" or interactive reading style?  Promote reading skills by associating printed word with		NO	N/A
<b>Did</b> 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46.	Plan small group activity to reinforce new content learned (e.g., cooperative art activity, feeling game, blocks, play dough, bingo, pass the hat, visualization)?  Prepare small group activity materials and set out on tables ahead of time to minimize children's waiting time?  Participate in small group activity using academic, persistence, social and emotional coaching, prompting children to use new skills and praising newly taught skills when they occur use labeled praise for prosocial behaviors?  Use "dialogic reading" or interactive reading style?  Promote reading skills by associating printed word with language?  Promote writing skills by taking dictations, writing words to be copied, reinforcing children's beginning attempts		NO	N/A

Pro	moting Skills	YES	NO	N/A
Did	the teachers:			
50.	Use emotion and social coaching language?			
51.	Use acadmic and persistence coaching?			
52.	Use proximal praise and labeled praise?			
53.	Ignore targeted misbehaviors or attention seeking behaviors?			
54.	Use Time Out to calm down appropriately for aggressive behavior?			
55.	Use redirects and warnings?			
56.	Praise individual children who are following rules, participating well, and engaging in positive behaviors?			
57.	Use team incentive approach?			
58.	Issue personal challenges, team rewards, mystery challenges?			
59.	Have Dinosaur Cue Cards up on walls (e.g., quiet hands up, sharing)?			
60.	Use nonverbal praise?			
61.	Act in a fun, playful, and engaging way with children?			
62.	Integrate Dinosaur language throughout the day at choice time, on playground, during meal times, etc.?			
63.	Prepare for transitions effectively?			
64.	Promote optimism and show belief in chidlren's ability to learn and be successful?			
65.	Avoid making critical or negative statements about children's behavior?			
66.	Show respect, warmth and calmness with children?			
67.	Involve children actively in learning through games, activities, stories, and fantasty?			
68.	Have predictable routines for opening and closing circle time,			
	bringing out and saying goodbye to puppets, transitioning to snack time or small groups, saying goodbye?			
Rev	view Home Activities and Wrap Up	YES	NO	N/A
Did	the teachers:			
69.	Review Detective Home Activities with the children?			
70.	Individually give children a chance to share their home activities?			
71.	Enthusiastically praise whatever effort children made this week?			
72.	Assist children who didn't complete the home activities to complete them?			
73.	Have puppets say good-bye (not every session)?			
74.	Involve parents by sending home parent letters with home activities?			

Chi	ldren's Responses	YES	NO	N/A
75.	Children appear engaged and on-task during large group circle time.			
76.	Children were enjoying themselves during small group activities.			
77.	Children were involved in asking questions, role plays, and suggesting ideas.			
78.	Waiting time for children was minimized.			
Теа	cher Collaboration	YES	NO	N/A
(To b	be completed if there is a second or third teacher or			
-	eader involved with the curriculum)			
79.	Did the two teachers have clear, complementary roles in			
	each of the different activities (e.g., take turns leading content and focusing on process)?			
80.	Did teachers work well as a team reinforcing each other, while attending to different roles with students?			
81.	Do teachers have regular, consistent meeting times weekly to discuss and plan for the Dina Curriculum?			
82.	Are teachers implementing behavior plans for children targeted with special needs?			
83.	Do teachers call parents to share something positive about their child?			
84.	Do teachers share Dinosaur materials at parent orientation nights?			
85.	If there is an assistant teacher, is s/he involved in planning and in implementing the curriculum?			
dı pl	IEMBER: Your goal in the circle time lessons should be to ren the information and ideas to share with each other. lenty of opportunities to practice new behaviors throug	They sl	nould b	e given
Sum	mary Comments:			
Lesso	on reviewed by:			
	::			

