Incredible Beginnings ® Training Program for Preschool Teachers and Day Care Providers of Children (1-5 years)





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1

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Incredible Beginnings Video Tele-Session Training Pre-Training Self-Study

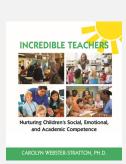
Read article: Webster-Stratton, C., Reinke, W., and Herman, K.C., (2011). *The Incredible Years Teacher Classroom Management Training: The Methods and Principles that Support Fidelity of Training Delivery.* School Psychology Review, V. 40.4. pp. 509-529.

http://www.incredibleyears.com/wp-content/uploads/the-incredible-years-teacher-training-methods 11.pdf

Watch teacher program preview video Read chapters 1-3 Incredible Teachers Book Teacher Powerpoint on web; teacher program objectives pages

Participants must have leader manual, DVDs, and Teacher book.

http://www.incredibleyears.com/workshop-info/pre-training-self-study/





Introduce yourself. Share the following: Name, agency, role Any experience working with Incredible Years® programmes Experience working with younger children (ages 1-4 years) Implementation plan for your agency As a result of attending the training I would like to

Incredible Beginnings® Training Agenda ~ 5 3-hour Sessions

Session One:

Overview of Program: logistics, program format Content: Workshop Day 1: Ground Rules, Goals, Teaching Pyramid, Building Positive Relationships &

Managing Separation Anxiety

Methods and Processes: Collaborative process, Mediating vignettes, Leader/Co-Leader Roles, Selfreflection Inventories

Session Two:

Content: Workshop Day 2 Toddler Directed Play; Promoting Language Development in Toddlers and Preschoolers

Methods and Processes: Mediating vignettes, Benefits-

Barriers, Setting Up Practices



5

Theredible Incredible Beginnings Training Agenda ~ 5 3-hour Sessions

Session Three:

Content: Workshop Day 3: Social Coaching and Workshop

Day 4: Emotion Coaching

Methods and Processes: Benefits/Barriers Exercise,

Behavior Plans, Certification/Accreditation

Session Four:

Content: Workshop Day 5: Emotion Regulation; Proactive Teacher (transitions, routines, rules, schedules, limit setting)

Session Five & Six:

Content: Workshop Day 6: Positive Behavior Management (differential attention, praise, incentives, ignoring, time out,

problem solving, play scripts)

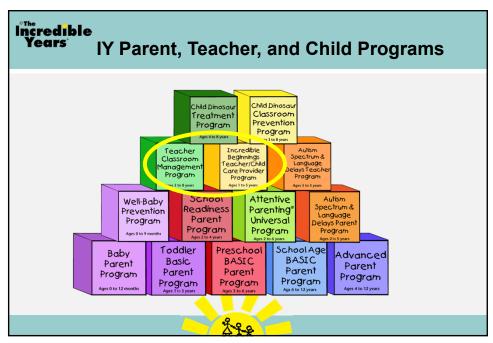


Incredible Beginnings Training Agenda ~ Day One

- · Welcome, Introductions, Goals
- · Overview of program
- · Answer questions regarding self-study reading
- Program Structure and Logistics
- Workshop Day 1: Ground Rules, Goals, Teaching Pyramid, Benefits-Barriers, Building Positive Relationships Content
- · Collaborative process
- Mediating vignettes,
- · Leader/Co-Leader Roles
- Self-reflection Inventories



7



Research on Teacher Classroom Management (TCM) Program

2 randomized control group evaluations by developer (1 prevention, 1 treatment)

6+ independent replications (USA, England, Norway, Ireland, Wales, Portugal)

- Decreases in teachers' harsh & critical discipline
- Increases in teachers' positive discipline and proactive classroom management skills
- Decreases in classroom conduct problems
- Increases in children's prosocial behavior
- Increases in parent-teacher bonding
- Improved school readiness skills



9

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Selected References

Webster-Stratton, C., Reid, M. J. & Hammond, M. (2001) *Preventing Conduct Problems, Promoting Social Competence: A Parent and Teacher Training Partnership in Head Start.* Journal of Clinical Child Psychology.

Webster-Stratton, C., Reid, M.J., and Hammond, M. (2004) *Treating Children With Early-Onset Conduct Problems: Intervention Outcomes for Parent, Child, and Teacher Training* Journal of Clinical Child and Adolescent Psychology.

Chuang, C-C., Reinke, W.M., & Herman, K.C. (2020). Effects of a Universal Classroom Management Teacher Training Program on Elementary Children With Aggressive Behaviors. School Psychology

Reinke, W.M., Herman, K.C., & Dong, N. (2018). The Incredible Years Teacher Classroom Management Program: Outcomes from a Group Randomized Trial. Prevention Science, 19, 1043-1054.



Selected References

Allen, K., Hansford, L., Hayes, R., Allwood, M., Byford, S., Longdon, B., Price, A., & Ford, T. (2019). Teachers' perceptions of the impact of the Incredible Years® Teacher Classroom Management programme on their practice and on the social and emotional development of their pupils. *British Journal of Educational Psychology*, 11 July 2019

Ford, T., Hayes, R., Byford, S., Edwards, V., Fletcher, M., Logan, S., Norwich, B., Pritchard, W., Allen, K., Allwood, M., Ganguli, P., Grimes, K., Hansford, L., Longdon, B., Norman, S., Price, A., & Ukoumunne, O. (2018). The effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of the Incredible Years® Teacher Classroom Management programme in primary school children: results of the STARS cluster randomised controlled trial. *Psychological Medicine*, 1-15.

Aasheim, M., Drugli, M.B., Reedtz, C., Handegård, B.H., Martinussen, M. (2018). Change in teacher–student relationships and parent involvement after implementation of the Incredible Years® Teacher Classroom Management programme in a regular Norwegian school setting. *British Educational Research Journal*, 44(6), 1064–1083

Tveit, H.H., Drugli, M.B., Fossum, S., Handegård, B.H., Stenseng, F. (2019). Does the Incredible Years® Teacher Classroom Management programme improve child-teacher relationships in childcare centres? A 1-year universal intervention in a Norwegian community sample. *European Child and Adolescent Psychiatry* Published Culine: 08 August 2019

11

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Pilot Research with Incredible Beginnings Program



Incredible Beginnings is based on similar content and the same teacher training methods and processes as the Teacher Classroom Management Program. Two prepost studies have been conducted and their presentations can be found on the blog pages of our web site. Other evaluations are in progress.

White, C. & Singleton, J. (2018) Incredible Beginnings

https://incredibleyearsblog.wordpress.com/2018/02/21/impressive-outcomes-from-incredible-beginnings-course-in-brinnington-england/

Davidson, J. (2018) Incredible Beginnings in Dorset, United Kingdom Supporting Children's Early Development.

https://incredibleyearsblog.wordpress.com/2018/01/23/incredible-mentor-janedavidson-supporting-early-years-teachers-with-the-incredible-beginnings-program/

Evans, S., and Breese A. Incredible Beginnings in Wales

https://incredibleyearsblog.wordpress.com/2020/07/02/incredible-beginnings-implementation-and-evaluation-in-powys-wales/



How is Incredible Beginnings Program Different from TCM Program?

New vignettes covering the 1-5 year-old age range. Two training protocols: toddler (ages 1-2 years) and (preschool 3-5 years)

New topics/increased focus on:

- Toddler separation anxiety
- Toddler and preschool: strategies for promoting language development including use of visual supports and nonverbal signals & gestures, and songs, imitation and repetition
- · Toddler and preschools language and developmental delays
- · Focus on early brain development
- Increased emphases on prompting, interactive reading, and promoting selfregulation skills
- · Increased emphases on pretend play and use of puppets
- · Focus on the ABCs of behavior change





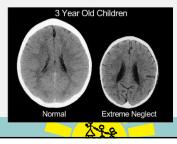


13

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What have we learned about young children's brain development?

In the early years, children's brain and neuron connections in are still under construction—the architecture of the brain is being stimulated & sculpted by quality of their interactions and experiences with parents, teachers & day care providers. The effects of neglect, poor stimulation and poverty on children's brain development by age 3 are profound.



Incredible Why is training preschool teachers & day care providers caring for children ages 1-5 years important?

- Preschool teachers and day care providers report children's social and emotional developmental issues to be their greatest challenge.
- These teachers and caregivers have a unique opportunity to support children by strengthening their social, emotional, cognitive and language development.
- Neurophysiological brain connections are being both strengthened and pruned in first 3-4 years of a child's life. Child caregivers can capitalize on the neuroplasticity in early life and promote optimal development.
- A supportive child-teacher-parent relationship enhances the resiliency of disadvantaged children and provides support for parents and teachers.



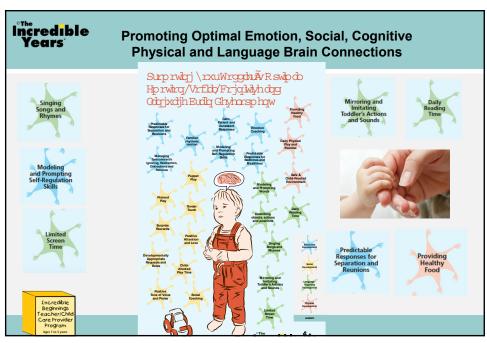
Incredible Beginnings Program Package Materials

- •Comprehensive Leader's Manual
- •DVD set (10 discs).
- •Teaching Pyramid® Magnet
- •Incredible Teachers Book
- •Teaching Pyramid® Poster
- •Calm Down Thermometer Poster
- Teacher Stickers (6 rolls)
- School Rules Cards set
- •"Show Me Five" & Neuron Poster (puppets ordered separately)





17



Incredible Beginnings Program Workshop 6-7 Workshop Day Topics

- Workshop #1: Building Positive Relationships with Toddlers and Managing Separation Anxiety
- Workshop #2: Promoting Language Development in Toddlers and Preschoolers
- Workshop #3: Social Coaching with Toddlers and Preschoolers
- Workshop #4: Emotion Coaching with Toddlers and Preschoolers
- Workshop #5: The Proactive Teacher
- Workshop #6: Positive Behavior Management for Toddlers and Preschoolers
- Ongoing Themes:
- · Teachers working Collaboratively with Parents
- Reducing Teacher Stress and Building Support Networks





19

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Incredible Beginnings: Program Structure

- Protocol for Toddlers (12-30 months)
- Protocol for Preschoolers (3-5 years)
- Protocol for Mixed Ages (1-5 years)
- Some topics include children with developmental delays
- 6-7 monthly full day group workshops (12-14 teachers/day care providers)
- Assignments given between workshops
- Coaching between workshops







Incredible Beginnings (ages 1-5) Years Program Objectives				
Content	Objectives			
Workshop 1: Relationships and Separation Anxiety	Building positive attachment, greetings and predictable routines, Involving parents, Child directed play			
Workshop 2: Promoting Language Development	Descriptive commenting, Nonverbal signals, Repetition, Modeling and Prompting, Songs, Interactive reading, Pre- academic coaching, Play practices			
Workshop 3: Social Coaching	Modeling social skills, Coaching skills like sharing, taking turns, and helping, Using puppets to promote social interactions, Praise, attention, and encouragement, Empathy through dramatic play, Play scripts, Developmental goals for different children			
Workshop 4: Emotion Coaching	Emotional literacy through coaching, reading, and descriptive commenting, Noticing positive and negative feelings, Emotion regulation, Use of puppets to teach calm down skills			
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icredible Years	Incredible Beginnings (ages 1-5) Program Objectives		
Content	Objectives		
Workshop 5: The Proactive Teacher	Transition warnings, Predictable Routines, Songs to facilitate transitions, Schedules, Opening and closing routines, Teaching classroom rules, Celebrating successes, Visual prompts to support classroom routines and rules		
Workshop 6: Positive Behavior Management	Reducing commands, Clear commands, Clear positive limit settings, Physical redirection, Planned ignoring, Differential attention, First-then commands, Puppets to help children calm down, Positive attention and praise, Incentives, Time Out to Calm down, Happy Place imagery, Calm-Down thermometer, Play scripts for children with special needs.		
	4.0		

Incredible Beginnings Program Methods and Processes

Training Methods and Processes:

- Focus on cognitive, behavior, & affect
- Developmentally based
- Collaborative training process
- Video modeling
- Role play practice & rehearsal
- Between session classroom assignments
- Group support
- Self-reflection strategies & ongoing goal setting





23

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Promoting Day care Provider & Teacher Engagement

- Administrative/principal support
- Provide materials that can be used in classroom
- Use teacher/child-care evaluations, self-reflections & goals to tailor training sessions
- Promote positive relationships with teachers, day care providers and parents
- Train both teachers and their assistants
- Hands-on assignments & materials
- Visit classrooms or day care settings between sessions
- Certificates of completion
- · Credits or clock hours
- · Prizes and incentives
- Buddy Pairs





Brainstorm Group Rules

Trainer in role as group leader: models workshop rules brainstorm with teacher participants

Debrief:

- How did the group leader set up this brainstorm exercise?
- What group leader skills did the trainer use when brainstorming the group rules?
- How did the group leader respond to the teachers' ideas?
- What are the collaborative group leader principles that come from this exercise?





27

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Examples of Workshop Group Rules

Typical IY-Incredible Beginning Group Rules

- Confidentiality: for children and other teachers
- Cell phones on silent. Leave the room to take an important call
- Focus on workshop (don't bring in outside work)
- Respect everyone's ideas
- Take turns talking and leave space for all to participate
- Start and end on time



Teacher/Day Care Provider Goal Setting

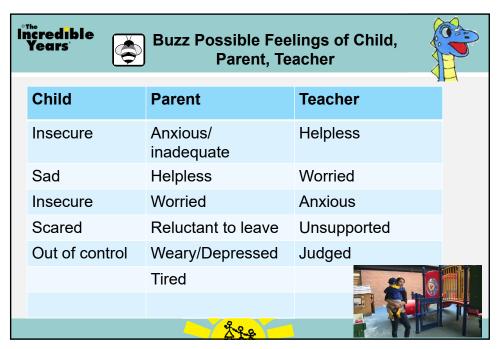
Goal Setting: What questions could you ask to get to know your group of teachers and day care providers and promote engagement?

- How many toddlers do you have in your setting? Preschoolers?
 What behavior or developmental or language issues would you like to address?
- How do you think the toddlers/preschoolers feel being in your setting?
- · What is something that you are proud of in your teaching role?
- What is a current challenge in your setting?
- · What is going well in your classroom right now?
- What would like help with?
- · What teaching goals do you have for yourself?



29

İngredible **Teaching Pyramid for Toddlers and Preschoolers** Positive Behavior Management Trainer models: Pyramid Overview • Predictable Routines & Schedules Clear Limit Setting · Distractions, redirection, ignoring, logical consequences Increasing Attachment & Positive Responsive Relationships Child directed play Language, social, emotional, persistence coaching methods, Proactive Teaching **Debrief** Teaching Pyramid for Toddlers & Preschoolers



40

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What is the value of the child, parent, teacher brainstorm/buzz exercise?

Debrief Exercise with Group Leaders:

What is the value of this buzz exercise?

What are the implications from this exercise for the process of how you (group leaders) will conduct workshops? What barriers does this exercise reveal?

Sample Questions for Teachers:

What implications does this brainstorm have for how you will work with children and parents?

What do you need as a teacher to do this work?

How do you build relationships with toddlers or preschoolers in your class?

How do you connect with parents that are hard to reach?





Buzz: How do you manage children who have problems with separation?

Group leader models buzz

- How is separation anxiety manifested in children?
- How do you involve parents in helping toddlers feel secure at school?
- What strategy did this teacher use to support the child who was distressed and crying?
- Do you talk to parents ahead of time about how to leave or separate from their children?



42

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Beginning Steps of Setting Up Role Play Practices



- Define roles of teacher/day care provider, parent or child
- Script teacher role with help from group (on flip chart)
- Run role play and coach
- Debrief and get positive feedback from group

Set up a role play





Debrief Collaborative Process: IY Group Leader Skills

Summary of IY group leader skills discussed:

- Seek participant input & suggestions
- · Ask reflective and open-ended questions
- · Listen and validate responses
- Show compassion and empathy
- Paraphrase participants' input
- Reflect back: "It sounds like...." "I hear that you are saying/feeling..."
- Draw on experience of other group leaders
- Highlight key ideas
- Develop principles from caregivers' insights with their names
- Do not try to change participants minds



Incredible Beginnings ® Training Agenda ~ Day Two

Check in on Trainee Homework

Model and process how to do homework check in with teachers

Workshop Day 1: Program 1: Toddler Directed Play Workshop Day 2: Program 2: Promoting Language

Development in Toddlers and Preschoolers

Workshop Day 3: Program 3:Social Coaching

- Setting up buzzes
- Mediating Vignettes
- Using visual cues
- · Setting Up Practices for toddlers & preschoolers





65

Homework Review Years Sample Group Leader Questions

- Share one thing that went well this past month in your classroom.
- Were you able to achieve your goal from your self-reflection inventory about building positive relationships with your children or with their parents?
- Did any of you talk to a parent about how to separate from their children when they left or how to manage separation anxiety?
- Share one difficulty (barrier) and what you would do differently next time?
- Do you have any questions about the chapter reading assignment?





Summary of Key Points for Review of Assignments



- Start workshops by reviewing monthly practice and reading assignments & refer to previous self-monitoring goals.
- Praise and reward teachers for sharing.
- Highlight successful experiences and set up a spontaneous practice to review a key skill from first session (talking with parent about separation, greeting child in the morning, being child-directed)
- Discuss and troubleshoot any barriers teachers had in being able to engage in conversations with parents or managing separation anxiety with a child
- Normalize challenges and predict success when struggling

69

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Summary of Group Leader Mediating Vignettes

Group Leader Skills:

- Introduce vignette (context, age, what to look for)
- Pause vignette partway through
- Ask questions to stimulate discussion & reflection
- Set up buzzes or teacher practices
- List key ideas/principles from discussion

Sample Group Leader Questions:

Identify skill used in vignette: How did that day care provider effectively build a relationship with the toddler? Or with the parents? Rationale for strategy: What was the value of....? What was the

benefit of? How do you think the toddler or parent felt?

Alternate responses: Is there anything you would do differently? Generalize: How would you use that idea in your own setting?



Incredible Years Summary of Reading Principles for Toddlers



- Adapt reading to child's stage of communication
- · Use physical hand signals, pointing gestures, sign language, animal sounds & songs when looking at pictures
- · Respond immediately to child's verbalizations or gestures
- Prompt and imitate your child's word use
- · Be animated, read slowly
- Choose interactive books with flaps, buttons to push, & textures
- · Read with child so there is face to face contact



89

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Summary **Language Coaching Principles for Toddlers**



- Describe body parts, actions, objects (e.g., things child uses daily such as clothing or food items)
- Name child or teacher actions (e.g., walking, listening, putting, dressing, handwashing, brushing, toilet)
- Imitate child's sounds, words, gestures: use positive affect
- Prompt child to talk by modeling simple words for them to copy
- · Chant, sing rhymes, and teach body movements with songs or words
- Use "teacher-ease" language spoken slowly, higher pitched exaggerated playful voice with repetition
- · Pair objects
- Use visual supports & gestures
- Avoid questions
- Praise verbal and nonverbal responses or actions with simple words



Summary of Pre-Academic Coaching with Preschoolers



Brainstorm Pre-Academic Concepts teachers describe

3-4 Year-Olds

- Colors
- Shapes
- Numbers
- Positions
- Sizes
- Vocabulary
- Trying again

4-6 Year-Olds

- Complex Shapes and Patterns
- Spelling
- Words and Sentences
- Problem Solving
- Connections Between Ideas
- Math Concepts (adding, subtracting)
- Being focused



95

Summary Years Promoting Pre-academic & Language Social Communication for Preschoolers



- Describe colors, numbers, shapes, textures, & letters and increase the variety of words by providing more detailed descriptions of objects, people or animals
- Help children pay attention to the language of peers and make sense of their information by repeating what another child says (intentional commenting)
- Combine descriptive commenting with social interaction experiences
- Allow children to act out parts when reading
- Encourage children to practice telling peers what they want and to share their ideas and plans
- Use pretend play and puppets or toy telephones to encourage language interactions







Comment and describe objects, colors, numbers, sizes, letters, emotions and actions of pictures in books.



Ask a few open-ended questions such as, "I wonder what will happen next? Or, Do you think she is proud of doing that?" and explore book together.



Respond & listen attentively with smiles, encouragement, praise and delight for child's thinking and responses.



Expand on what your child says by adding a new word or similar word or reminding them of a personal experience or event in his life that is similar to the book.



102

Participant Assignment Years Session 2



Manual Review:

Program 2: Promoting Language Development in Toddlers (DVD 2) and Preschoolers (DVD 3)

Watch some vignettes from this program and notice how the manual supports group leaders to mediate vignettes with suggested questions, key points, and recommendations for practices

- · Incredible Teachers Book:
- Read Incredible Teachers Chapters 1, 2, & 14





Incredible Years® Incredible Beginnings Video Tele-Session Training

Session Three: Workshop Day 3: Social Coaching Workshop Day 4: Emotion Coaching



109

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Incredible Beginnings Training Agenda ~ Day Three

- · Welcome, Check In
- Workshop Day 3: Social Coaching
- Workshop Day 4: Emotion Coaching with toddlers and preschoolers
- Benefits/barriers exercise
- Behavior plans





Teacher Assignment Check In

- Workshops 2-6 begin with check-in on classroom assignments
- This should take 30 minutes
- Try to hear something from every teacher
- · Teachers may "buzz" in pairs first
- · Then share back with the whole group
- Ask 1-2 teachers to demonstrate a successful strategy as well as to replay a different approach to a barrier
- Things to check in about:
 - ✓ Follow up on individual goals
 - ✓ Behavior plans
 - √ Reading
 - ✓ Specific new strategies tried





111

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Teacher Assignment Activities Check In

- Remind teachers of the assignment: We talked about ways to use nonverbal cues, gestures, visuals & descriptive commenting to enhance language. How did that go?
- Refer back to their individual goals: Each of you picked one child to focus on or one goal...
- Ask a specific question with focus on the positive: Who can share a way that you promoted language development?
- Ask follow up questions to get more details: What did you say to her? How did she respond? What was the value of....?
- Then ask about barriers: What make it hard to?
- Refer back to key principles: That's a great example of promoting your child's language development—that was one of our key language principles. How can you share that with parents?
- Ask for demonstration of success or to replay a difficult interaction with an alternative response.



Key Principles of Benefits/Barriers Discussion



- Benefits/barriers are used to find out what teachers already know/believe about a topic
- · Structure the brainstorm with benefits first and barriers second
- Group leader listens, validates, and paraphrases benefits while co-leader records the ideas
- Group leader does not challenge ideas, problem-solve, or try to persuade teacher of different point of view
- Group leader can validate teacher's point of view without endorsing the teacher's opinions: e.g. "So, one barrier to coaching social skills is the belief that children should work out problems on their own, with out adult intervention."
- Benefits/barriers list will be used later during vignette discussion. Group will come up with principles to support the benefits and will come back to problem solve the barriers.



116

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Setting Up a Teacher Role Play Practice



Set a scene (keep it simple): It can be useful to mimic a scene in prior vignette—so children might be playing in kitchen area with food. Plan ahead so that you have props.

Describe children's developmental level: e.g. One four-yearold boy with good social skills, playing with Amelia who has a harder time joining in play. Set up that both child will be wellbehaved

Have teachers brainstorm ideas for things the teacher can say (specific phrases):

I see that Joe is offering you an apple. He is sharing (label social behavior). You can tell him "thank you." (prompt social behavior). That was so kind—Joe shared and you said thanks! (praise).



Setting Up a Teacher Role Play Practice: Continued



Start the role play: Stay near to coach. Whisper ideas to teacher or pause, if necessary.

Debrief:

Get positive feedback from group: "What did the teacher do well here?" "What principles did you see her using?"

Ask about the children's experience: "What was it like to be the child in that interaction?" If you were Joe or Amelia, how would the coaching have made a difference in your play?"

Ask about the teacher's experience: "How did it feel to coach that social interaction?"

Ask the group about key learning: "What do you think is the key learning from this practice?" "What could you take back to your classroom?"

134

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Summary of Social Coaching For Preschoolers

Social Behaviors to Encourage in Preschoolers

- Helping
- Sharing
- Taking Turns
- Listening
- Making a Suggestion
- Giving a Compliment
- Accepting a Suggestion
- Waiting for a Turn
- Apologizing



Benefits of Coaching with Puppets



Benefits of using puppets to coach children's social skills

- Allows the teacher to enter the child's imaginary world
- Children may speak to a puppet more easily than to an adult
- Puppet can be a peer in the play (not an adult)
- Puppet can model and initiate social interactions
- Puppet can model self-regulation skills and emotion language
- Teacher can control the puppet's response to the child's behavior
- · Puppet can elicit feelings of empathy from child
- Puppet can elicit prosocial behaviors from child
- Puppet can facilitate peer interactions between two children



140

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Model and Prompt Positive Social Behaviors

Puppet models friendly behaviors (sharing):

 Puppet: "I have two dolls. Would you like to play with one? I'll share with you."

Puppet prompts child to share:

 Puppet: "I'd really like to play with those cars too. Could you share one with me?"

Puppet models prosocial response:

- If child shares, puppet: "That was really generous. Thanks for sharing."
- If child doesn't share, puppet: "I'm disappointed, but I'm going to stay calm and find something else to play with."



Puppet Scenarios

What social skills can your puppet model?

- Greeting another child
- Showing interest in another child, "what do you like to do?"
- Asking for help or offering help
- Sharing his or her emotions
- Waiting for a turn
- Trading
- Giving an apology
- · Making a friendly suggestions





144



Incredible **Emotion Coaching Brainstorm Feeling Words** Happy Proud Mad **Excited** Angry Calm Scared Relaxed Frustrated Peaceful **Embarrassed** Loved Confused Brave Worried Why is it easier to think of emotion words with a negative valance? What is the risk if these are the emotions that we notice more?

155

Incredible Positive Emotion Coaching Scripts

- · Positive Emotions: Notice, Describe, & Model
- · You look happy. I see your big smile.
- You must be so proud. You worked hard to finish that.
- You seem excited. Your whole body is jumping up and down.
- · Your body is relaxed and peaceful.
- I bet you feel brave for taking that risk.
- You are really curious figuring out and problem solving all the ways that can go together.
- · I am so proud you keep trying.
- I really enjoy watching you painting and am curious to see what you make





EXCLTED



Emotion Coaching Scripts

- Negative Emotions: Describe and Add Coping Statement
- That looks frustrating, but you keep trying.
- It's sad when your mom leaves. You can wave goodbye to her.
- You look angry, but you are taking a deep breath.
- I can see that you are feeling annoyed, but you are ignoring and staying calm
- You seem afraid to try the swing, but I think you will enjoy it.
- I am frustrated sometimes when my computer doesn't work. I ask for help and sometimes I take a break and try again.
- You are sad your grandpa died and that is hard, what about we draw some pictures of the fun activities you did with your grandpa.









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165

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Summary Emotion Coaching Preschoolers and Toddlers



- Describe children's feelings and build emotion vocabulary
- Label more positive feelings than uncomfortable feelings
- Model your own positive feelings and calm down strategies
- Provide physical cuddling when child is frightened, sad or hurt; stay calm yourself to provide extra reassurance
- Model words for child to use to express uncomfortable feelings
- When naming uncomfortable feelings such as frustration or anger or, sadness, point and praise the coping strategy the child is using such as staying calm or trying again
- Use pictures, games and books to promote identification of feelings
- Use puppets and make-believe play to model emotion language





Behavior Plans



- Behavior plans are an important part of each session
- Reserve 30 minutes towards the end of the session to work on plans
- Model a sample social/emotional behavior plan in the large group with teachers brainstorming together to work on a specific behavioral goal for a sample child (record this on flip chart). Use the behavior plan template for the workshop topic of the day.
- Send teachers to small groups of 2-3 teacher and have each teacher work on a sample plan for a target child
- Help teachers pick a specific, manageable goal for that child (one behavior at a time!)
- Check in with teacher about behavior plan between sessions

177



Participant Assignment Session 3



- Manual Review:
 - Program 3: Social Coaching with Toddlers (DVD 4) and Preschoolers (DVD 5)

Program 4: Emotion Coaching Part 1: (DVD 6)

Watch some vignettes from this program and notice how the manual supports group leaders to mediate vignettes with suggested questions, key points, and recommendations for practices

- Incredible Teachers Book:
- Read Incredible Teachers Chapters 4, 11 & 13





Summary lngredible **Teaching Children Emotional Regulation Skills**

· Model self-regulation strategies such as deep breathing, tenserelax muscles, positive self-talk, calm down thermometer and Tiny Turtle's calm down steps.



- Help children learn ways to self-regulate such as using special stuffed animal or blanket or thinking of their happy place
- Praise children's self-regulation skills such as staying calm, being patient, trying again when frustrated, waiting a turn, and using words to ask or to express feelings
- Prompt children to take deep breaths, count down, or use self-talk such as "I can do it, I can calm down."
- · Help children understand how other children are feeling
- When children use a social skill such as sharing, help them see connection between their behavior and the other child's feeling
- Encourage parents to use emotion coaching and puppets to enhance emotion coaching at home



Incredible Review: Setting Up Role Play Practices Years End of Day Scenario



- Set the scene: End of day, children leaving, teacher wants to make sure child has backpack and coat
- Describe child: 4 years old, is inattentive, forgets things
- Brainstorm teacher's script with group: What proactive strategies could the teacher use? What clear positive command could she give him? Or, visual or gesture?
- Ask teachers to be in the role play: Would you be the child? Would you be the teacher?
- · Check to make sure that the role players are ready
- Debrief
 - -What did the teacher do well?
 - -Ask children and teacher about their experiences
 - -Ask group about key learning



209

Examples of Nonverbal Auditory, Gesture or YearsVisual Signals for Rules or Instructions

- Raise hand with two fingers apart (for quiet down)
- Dark room (lights off and on)
- Thumbs up or High Five (good job)
- Wink (working hard)
- Musical sound fo transition (whistle, drums, music)
- Picture cards -red light for quiet etc,
- Freeze... "show me five"
- Calm down thermometer
- Squeeze imaginary ball (get it together)





RMG-H0079 Incredible Years

Summary Key Principles of Praise



- · Label/describe the specific behavior
- · Praise immediately
- Praise small steps, don't wait for perfection
- · Praise the process of learning
- · Praise should be warm and genuine
- Tailor the praise to the child's needs/goals
- Attention principle—give more attention to behaviors you want to see more of
- Use gestures, enthusiastic sounds and visuals when praising children with less language





221

Incredible Years

Key Points/Principles of Proactive Teaching

Rules

- · Involve preschool students in creating rules
- · Have students and puppets practice rules
- Use visual reminders/pictures to signal rule
- State rules positively
- Limit number of rules

Transitions:

- Give a warning before a transition
- · Use developmentally appropriate signal -sound, visual
- · Give clear, simple instructions
- · Praise students who are following directions

Predictable Schedules:

- Use pictures and words
- · Visual marker to point out current activity
- · Involve children in moving marker to next activity

Positive Attention, Praise and Celebrations





Summary Review of Group Leader Years Processing Vignettes for Optimal Teacher Learning

Group Leader Skills:

- Introduce vignette (context, age, what to look for)
- Pause vignette partway through
- Ask questions to stimulate discussion
- · Have teachers practice skills
- List key ideas/principles from discussion

Sample Questions

Identify skill used in vignette: How did that teacher effectively prepare for that transition? How did...... effectively teach rules? Rationale for strategy: What was the value of....? What was the

benefit of? How do you think the child felt?

Alternate responses: Is there anything you would do differently?

Generalize: How would you use that in your own classroom or setting?

2

223

Incredible Years Review: Setting Up Role Play Practices



- Set the scene: End of day, children leaving, teacher wants to make sure child has back pack
- Describe child: 4 years old, is inattentive, forgets things
- Brainstorm teacher's script with group: What proactive strategies could the teacher use? What clear positive command could she give him? Or, visual or gesture?
- Ask teachers to be in the role play: Would you be the child? Would you be the teacher?
- · Check to make sure that the role players are ready
- Debrief
 - -What did the teacher do well?
 - -Ask children and teacher about their experiences
 - -Ask group about key learning



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Participant Assignment Session 4



Manual Review:

Program 4: Emotion Regulation Part 2: (DVD 7)

Program 5: Proactive Teacher (DVD 8)

Watch some vignettes from this program and notice how the manual supports group leaders to mediate vignettes with suggested questions, key points, and recommendations for practices

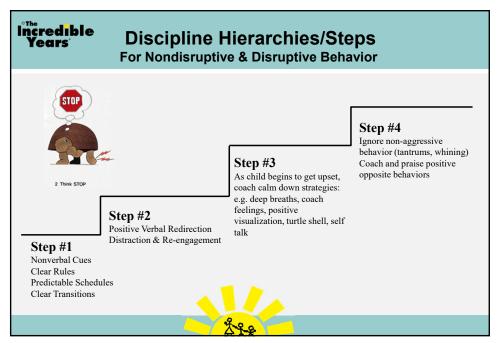
- Incredible Teachers Book:
- Read Incredible Teachers Chapters 3, 5 & 7



Nurturing Children's Social, Emotional, and Academic Competence

CAROLYN WEBSTER-STRATTON, PH.D.





Summary Principles of Ignoring



- Can ignore most attention-seeking behaviors that aren't dangerous or too disruptive
- · Ignoring is often paired with an rewarding redirection
- You can ignore a behavior without ignoring the child completely
- Ignoring is not over until you give attention back for a positive behavior
- · Behaviors will usually get worse before they get better
- Use self-calming strategies when ignoring
- Use proximal praise for on-task children
- Teach other children to ignore misbehaving child



248

Years Group Leaders Set Up Ignoring Practice with Teachers



Child (Josh) is mildly disruptive at circle time. Teacher is reading book to class.



Child is 4 and is trying to get attention by making silly sounds and rolling around on floor. Child is NOT touching other children and noise level is low to moderate. After a few minutes, the child sits quietly.

Brainstorm teacher's script with group

The goal is for the teacher to ignore. What will that look like? What else can the teacher do/say to support the ignoring? What will she say to the other children? What will she be teaching? What will she say when child is calm and quiet?



Set Up Ignoring Practice Continued

• Write script on board—what will teacher do and say. Be specific (group helps with this).

Max and Lakesha, thank you for listening! Rafe is sitting in his spot. Today's story is about how frogs change to tadpoles. Raise your quiet hand if you know what a tadpole is. Thanks for your quiet hand Maria. So many of you are ready to listen! Josh, you have a quiet mouth—can you show me the frog in this picture!

Invite teachers to help you (don't ask for volunteers)

Ben, would you be the child, and Amanda, would you be the teacher? I have a book here that you can use as a prop to read to the class. You can also use that script on the flipchart or you can improvise your own words.



250

Incredible

Set Up Ignoring Practice Continued



Can whisper an idea: "Praise Lakesha for having a quiet mouth." "Look! Josh is quiet now Catch him and praise!"

Pause, if needed

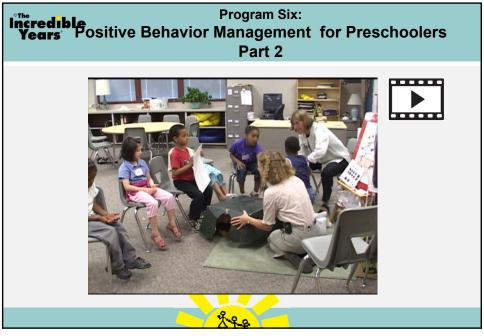
Wow, what's Amanda doing well so far? When we start again, what could she praise in the other children who are on-task?

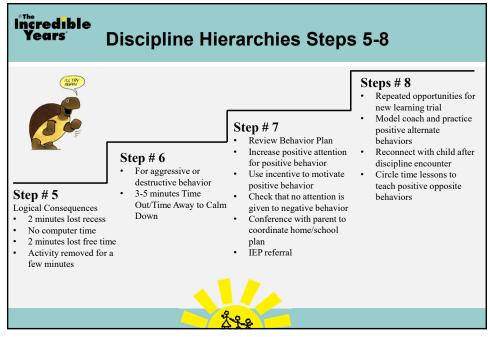
Debrief

What are all the strategies that you saw Amanda using there? What did it feel like to be the child, Ben, and not to get attention? What about when she praised you at the end? What did it feel like to be the teacher?

What key learning would you take from this practice?







Possible Script for Teachers to Explain to Children about Time Out to Calm Down



Teacher: If you hurt someone or your body is not safe, you will need To take a TO to calm down. Wally, could you show us how to do that? **Wally:** Sure, I could help.

Teacher: This is just pretend... Wally your body is not safe, you need to go To the TO chair.

While Wally is in TO:

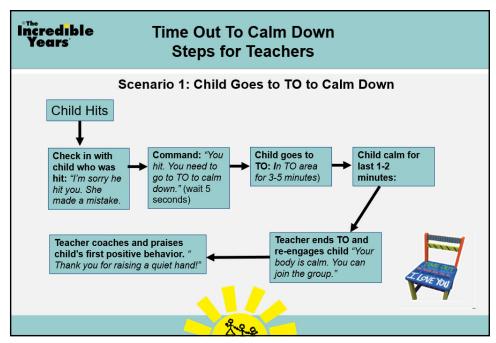
- Model deep breaths (children practice)
- Model self-talk, "I can do it, I can calm down." (children practice)
- Teacher tells children they can help their friend by ignoring him in TO And giving him privacy.

After TO

- · Explain the child is welcome back to group
- · Children will still be friendly.



268



Time Out To Calm Down Principles

- Start lower on the pyramid: use distraction, redirection, ignoring, or a when/then before using TO.
- Use TO sparingly, for aggressive, destructive, or highly-noncompliant behavior (that is unsafe or disruptive to other children).
- TO to Calm Down will help a child regulate and will stop a dangerous or disruptive behavior—it does not teach the positive replacement behavior.
- The goal is for classroom teachers to be able to mange moderate levels
 of disruptive behavior in the classroom. Highly disruptive TO behavior
 will require a team approach.
- If a child needs frequent TOs, this is a signal that teachers and team need to develop a positive behavior plan to help child get back on track.



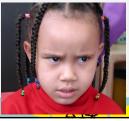
272

Incredible Years

Time Out To Calm Down Practice Sequence



- · Child hits
- **Teacher**: Check the victim: "I'm sorry he hit you, you stayed so calm. You can tell him: 'I don't like it when you hit me."
- Teacher: "You hit, you need to go to TO."
- · Teacher: Pause and give time for child to respond
- Child goes: 3-5 minutes, last minute calm
- Teacher: "Your body is calm. You can come back to the group."
- Teacher: Praise first positive behavior: "Thank you for raising your quiet hand!"

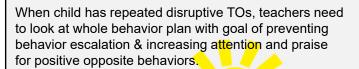




3 Take a slow breat

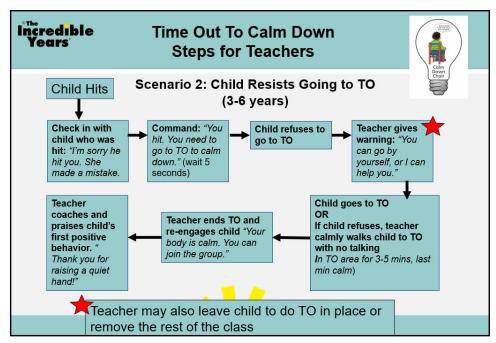
Incredible Options When Child Resists TO Years

- Give time for child to process your commands (5 secs)
- If appropriate, leave child where they are for TO (ignore and walk away)
- Or, offer choice: "you can walk by yourself or I'll help you."
- If child refuses to go, take child by hand and walk them to TO
- •If child is very disruptive and you cannot move them safely, then other children can be taken out to work in another area of room or a separate room.





274



Using Wally's Problem Solving Book to Teach Problem Solving Show Vignette 45 (Toni)

Think of the different solutions to this problem that the children are learning.



278

Incredible

Setting Up Role Play Practice

- · Set the scene: Keep it simple
- Pick child age, developmental level, and describe behavior
- Brainstorm teacher's script with group
- Write script on board—what will teacher do and say? Be specific
- Invite teachers to help you (don't ask for volunteers)
- Coach during role play
- Pause role play, if needed for group suggestions
- Replay with new suggestions
- Debrief
 - -Ask group to praise teacher for specific strategies used
 - -Ask children and teacher about their experiences
 - -Ask group about key learning



Developing Behavior Plans

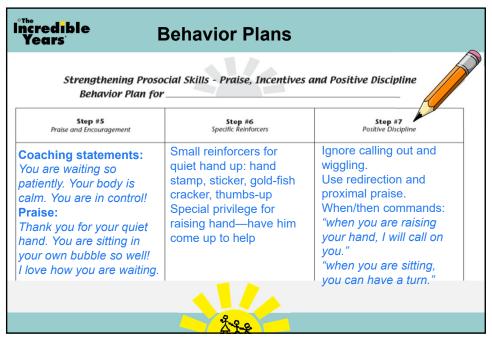


All teachers are aware of the need to individualize academic goals and teaching approach for each child. Social, emotional, and behavioral interventions also need to be tailored.

- Behavior plans help teachers to support children's social, emotional, behavioral, and academic goals.
- · Teachers work on plans in each session, adding new strategies
- · Teachers solicit parent input
- Teachers use behavior plan templates to record strategies
- At end of the year the behavior plan can be used to support the child's transition to a new teacher and classroom
- These plans are teacher led. They are not a substitute for a more comprehensive evaluation and specialized help for a high-needs child

288

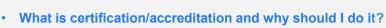
Workshop #1 Behavior Plan For. Step #1: Step #1: Targeted Negative Behaviors When & Why? (functional assessment) Charlie is 4. Impulsive. Calls out answers in circle time. Wiggles. William & Common Plan For. Step #3: Positive Opposite behaviors Proactive & Relation Building Strategi Proactive & Relationship with Charlie Circle time: Windles. Relationship with Charlie Circle time Proactive: Seat near temprompt quiet Proactive:	credible Behavior Plans					
Targeted Negative Behaviors Targeted Negative Behaviors Targe	Group leader models working on sample plan with teachers					
Impulsive. Calls out answers in circle time. Wiggles. With Charlie circle time talk. With Charlie circle time Proactive: Seat near terprompt quiet	Step #1:	Step #2: When & Why?		Step #4 Proactive & Relationship Building Strategies		
call on her of	Impulsive. Calls out answers in circle time.	impulsive, may have ADHD, hard to remember to raise hand and sit still. Wants to	talk.	0.000 0.000		



292

Incredible Years

Certification/Accreditation



- Certification/accreditation is a process to ensure group leaders do the program with fidelity
- This will help agencies obtain outcomes similar to those found in the research
- The certification process provides group leaders with support and advice in how to do the program in the best possible way
- Leaders who go through the process find it takes time but is rewarding
- Leaders get detailed feedback on their leading and ideas for how to address barriers
- Agencies that would like to have Peer Coaches and Mentors must start with having accredited group leaders



Certification/Accreditation

- What do I need to do to be certification/accreditation?
- · See the website for detailed steps
- Lead at least two full 6-day TCM programs
- Minimum of 6 full day workshops (or 12 half days)
- · Collect final teacher satisfaction forms
- Complete leader and peer self-evaluations
- Complete teacher workshop checklists
- Submit videos for review (final video must pass accreditation standards)
- http://www.incredibleyears.com/certification-gl/



